

香港人口推算

Hong Kong

Population Projections

2007–2036

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This publication is available in both print version and download version.

Please refer to page A1 for the means of obtaining this publication.

序言

Foreword

政府統計處負責編製香港的人口推算。人口推算數據的主要用途是為政府在教育、房屋、運輸、社會服務和醫療服務等方面的規劃工作，提供共同基礎。推算結果也廣泛地應用在私人機構的業務發展和策劃方面。

在二零零四年公布的上一套人口推算，是以二零零三年年中人口為基準的推算數字，涵蓋期為二零零四年至二零三三年。

按二零零六年中期人口統計結果所提供的最新的基準性人口數據，二零零一年起的香港人口估計數字已被更新。為配合已修訂人口估計數字，政府統計處以二零零六年年中人口估計為人口基數，從新編製一套涵蓋期為二零零七年至二零三六年的人口推算。亦藉着這個機會，採用了自上一套人口推算公布之後搜集所得有關生育、死亡和人口遷移模式的最新資料。本刊物刊載這套已更新的人口推算。

本刊物除提供推算結果外，亦敘述所採用的推算方法和假設。

政府統計處處長 **馮興宏**

二零零七年七月

The Census and Statistics Department is responsible for compiling projections of the population of Hong Kong. The main use of the projections is to provide a common basis for Government programme planning in such areas as education, housing, transport, social services and health services. Projection results are also widely applied in business development and planning in the private sector.

The last set of population projections, covering the period 2004–2033, was prepared using the mid-2003 population as the base and was released in 2004.

With the availability of up-to-date benchmark population data from the results of the 2006 Population By-census, the population estimates since 2001 have been updated. In line with the revision of population estimates, a new set of population projections, covering the period 2007–2036, has been prepared with the mid-2006 population estimate as the population base. Opportunity is taken to make use of the most up-to-date information on fertility, mortality and movement patterns of the population which has emerged since the last set of population projections was produced. This publication contains the set of updated population projections.

In addition to the projection results, this publication also presents a description of the methodology and assumptions used.

H. W. FUNG
Commissioner for Census and Statistics

July 2007

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1. 緒言

背景

1.1 人口推算數據的主要用途，是為政府規劃工作提供一個共同基礎，以及供私人機構在業務上應用。

1.2 自二零零零年八月開始，「居住人口」方法已取代「廣義時點」方法以編製香港的人口估計。香港的「居住人口」稱為「居港人口」。作出改動的原因，是「居住人口」概念在統計理論而言，較適用於計算一個地方的人口。這個做法尤為配合近年在改變中的香港人口居住和流動模式。

1.3 「居港人口」包括「常住居民」及「流動居民」。「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。

1.4 至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

1.5 根據「居住人口」的編製方法，旅客並不包括在「居港人口」內。故本刊物不涉及旅客的推算。

1. Introduction

Background

1.1 The main use of population projections is to provide a common basis for Government programme planning and to facilitate business application in the private sector.

1.2 Since August 2000, the “resident population” approach has been adopted in place of the “extended de facto” approach for compiling population estimates of the Hong Kong Population. The “resident population” of Hong Kong is referred to as the “Hong Kong Resident Population”. The changeover is effected in view of the greater relevance of the “resident population” concept from a statistical theory standpoint in measuring the population size of a place. It is considered particularly appropriate to do so to take account of the changing residency and mobility patterns of the Hong Kong population in recent years.

1.3 The Hong Kong Resident Population covers “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”. “Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point.

1.4 As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

1.5 Under the “resident population” approach, visitors are not included in the Hong Kong Resident Population. The projection on the number of visitors is hence not dealt with in this publication.

1.6 有關「居住人口」方法的詳情，讀者可參閱於《香港統計月刊》二零零二年二月號刊登的一篇題為「香港人口估計的編製」的專題文章（FD1–FD13 頁）。

1.7 按二零零六年中期人口統計結果所提供的最新的基準性人口數據，二零零一年起的香港人口估計數字已被更新。為配合已修訂人口估計數字，政府統計處以二零零六年年中人口估計為人口基數，從新編製一套涵蓋期為二零零七年至二零三六年的人口推算。亦藉着這個機會，應用了自上一套人口推算公布之後搜集所得有關生育、死亡和人口遷移模式的最新資料。

推算結果

1.8 人口推算的總數載列於第二章「推算結果」內。於二零零七年至二零三六年共三十年的推算期間，每年按年齡組別（每五歲一組）及性別劃分的人口數目亦列載於該章內。

1.9 有些研究需要利用不包括外籍家庭傭工的推算人口以作分析，附錄甲列載不包括外籍家庭傭工的二零零六年、二零一一年、二零一六年、二零二一年、二零二六年、二零三一年及二零三六年的人口的主要特徵及按年齡組別及性別劃分的年中人口數字。

推算方法

1.10 推算未來人口採用「組成部分法」的標準方法。每一推算年的推算人口總數及其年齡、性別結構是從基準年開始，將每個人的年齡逐年遞增，並加入生育、死亡及人口遷移的假設且納入其相互作用而得的結果。

1.11 人口推算所採用的推算方法在第三章「推算方法」內有詳細說明。

1.6 For details of the “resident population” method, readers may refer to the feature article entitled “Compiling Population Estimates of Hong Kong” published in the February 2002 issue (pages FD1–FD13) of the Hong Kong Monthly Digest of Statistics.

1.7 With the availability of up-to-date benchmark population data from the results of the 2006 Population By-census, the population estimates since 2001 have been updated. In line with the revision of population estimates, a new set of population projections, covering the period 2007–2036, has been prepared with the mid-2006 population estimate as the population base. Opportunity is taken to make use of the most up-to-date information on fertility, mortality and movement patterns of the population which has emerged since the last set of population projections was produced.

Projection Results

1.8 Projected total population is presented in Chapter 2 on “Projection Results”. Projected population figures by quinquennial age group and sex for each of the 30 years 2007–2036 are also tabulated.

1.9 For some studies, they may require analysis on the projected populations with foreign domestic helpers excluded. Selected characteristics of the populations and the mid-year populations by age group and sex for 2006, 2011, 2016, 2021, 2026, 2031 and 2036 with foreign domestic helpers excluded are shown in the Appendix A.

Projection Methodology

1.10 To project the future population, the standard method of population projections, i.e. the “component method”, is used. The size and age-sex structure of the projected population in each of the projection years are obtained by incrementing each individual’s age year after year, starting from the base year, bringing in assumptions on fertility, mortality and movement, and allowing various factors to interact.

1.11 Details on the projection methodology are explained in Chapter 3 on “Projection Methodology”.

推算假設

1.12 未來生育、死亡及人口遷移的趨勢，均是從研究過往的趨勢及將來可能出現的發展推算出來的。在第四章「推算假設」內有詳細說明。

代號

1.13 本刊物的統計表內各代號含意如下：

- 沒有數字
- .. 不適用
- * 少於 0.5
- # 臨時數字

Projection Assumptions

1.12 The future trends of fertility, mortality and movement are projected based on a study of their past trends and likely developments. Details are contained in Chapter 4 on "Projection Assumptions".

Symbols

1.13 The following symbols are used in the tables of this publication :

- Not available
- .. Not applicable
- * Less than 0.5
- # Provisional figures

數字的捨入

1.14 由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Rounding of Figures

1.14 There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the table owing to rounding.

2. 推算結果

2. Projection Results

2.1 表 1 提供推算人口的統計摘要，表 2 及表 3 載列按年齡及性別劃分的二零零六年人口估計及二零零七年至二零三六年的推算人口。

2.2 人口推算從二零零六年年中的 686 萬上升至二零三六年年中的 857 萬，平均每年增長率為 0.7%。

2.3 「常住居民」數目從二零零六年年中的 664 萬上升至二零三六年年中的 814 萬。此外，「流動居民」數目亦從二零零六年年中的 218 800 人增加至二零三六年年中的 426 300 人。

2.4 未來的人口將持續老化。在二零零六年，十五歲以下人口佔總人口 14%，推算至二零三六年該百分比將下跌至 12%。另一方面，六十五歲及以上人口的比例將由二零零六年的 12% 上升至二零三六年的 26%。同時，年齡中位數將由二零零六年的 39.6 歲上升至二零三六年的 46.1 歲。

2.5 未來人口年齡結構的轉變亦可從總撫養比率顯示。總撫養比率是十五歲以下和六十五歲及以上人口數目相對每千名十五至六十四歲人口的比率。在推算期間，該比率將由二零零六年的 354 上升至二零三六年的 611。

2.6 人口的性別比率（即男性數目相對每千名女性的比率）將由二零零六年的 912 顯著下跌至二零三六年的 709。但不同年齡組別的性別比率互有異差。尤其是二十五至四十四歲年齡組別受大多是年輕女性的外籍家庭傭工影響。扣除外籍家庭傭工後，性別比率推算由二零零六年的 971 下跌至二零三六年的 763。

2.1 Table 1 provides the summary statistics of the projected populations. Tables 2 and 3 present respectively the 2006 population estimates and the 2007–2036 projected populations with age-sex breakdown.

2.2 The population is projected to increase at an average annual rate of 0.7%，from 6.86 million in mid-2006 to 8.57 million in mid-2036.

2.3 The number of Usual Residents is projected to increase from 6.64 million in mid-2006 to 8.14 million in mid-2036. In addition, the number of Mobile Residents is projected to increase from 218 800 in mid-2006 to 426 300 in mid-2036.

2.4 The population is projected to follow a continuous ageing trend. In 2006, 14% of the population were aged under 15. This is projected to decrease to 12% in 2036. On the other hand, the proportion of those aged 65 and over is projected to rise from 12% in 2006 to 26% in 2036. Correspondingly, the median age would rise from 39.6 in 2006 to 46.1 in 2036.

2.5 The changes in the age structure of the projected population can also be seen from the overall dependency ratio. This is defined as the number of persons aged under 15 and those aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged 15–64. During the projection period, the ratio would rise from 354 in 2006 to 611 in 2036.

2.6 The sex ratio (i.e. number of males per 1 000 females) of the population is projected to fall noticeably, from 912 in 2006 to 709 in 2036. Yet there will be variations in the sex ratio by age group. In particular, the sex ratio for the age group 25–44 is expected to be much affected by the presence of foreign domestic helpers comprising mostly younger females. Excluding foreign domestic helpers, the sex ratio is projected to come down, from 971 in 2006 to 763 in 2036.

表 1 主要統計摘要**Table 1 Key Summary Statistics**

甲. 選定年份的主要人口特徵
A. Significant Characteristics of the Population for Selected Years

	二零零六年 年中(基準) Mid-2006 (Base)	二零一一年 年中 Mid-2011	二零一六年 年中 Mid-2016	二零二一年 年中 Mid-2021	二零二六年 年中 Mid-2026	二零三一年 年中 Mid-2031	二零三六年 年中 Mid-2036
人口 Population	6 857 100	7 153 500	7 450 000	7 784 000	8 094 000	8 360 700	8 570 200
常住居民 Usual Residents	6 638 300	6 905 900	7 168 900	7 466 600	7 740 300	7 970 600	8 143 900
流動居民 Mobile Residents	218 800	247 600	281 100	317 400	353 700	390 000	426 300
五年期間的 平均每年增長率 Average annual growth rate over a 5-year period	0.4%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%
性別比率 (男性數目相對每千名女性的比率) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	912	869	831	797	767	738	709
人口百分比 Percentage of population							
零至十四歲 Aged 0–14	14%	12%	12%	13%	12%	12%	12%
十五至六十四歲 Aged 15–64	74%	75%	73%	69%	66%	63%	62%
六十五歲及以上 Aged 65 and over	12%	13%	15%	18%	22%	25%	26%
撫養比率 Dependency ratio							
少年兒童撫養比率 Child dependency ratio	185	159	162	181	189	193	186
老年撫養比率 Elderly dependency ratio	168	171	208	262	336	400	425
總撫養比率 Overall dependency ratio	354	330	370	443	525	593	611
年齡中位數 Median age	39.6	41.1	42.1	42.8	43.8	45.0	46.1

表 1 (續) 主要統計摘要
Table 1 (Cont'd.) Key Summary Statistics

乙. 人口增長的組成部分
B. Components of Population Growth

統計時點 (年中) Reference time-point (Mid-year)	居港人口 Hong Kong Resident Population	常住居民 Usual Residents	流動居民 Mobile Residents	人口增長 Population growth	與上一統計時點 比較 Compared with the previous reference time-point		由上一統計時點至 本統計時點 From the previous reference time-point to this reference time-point
					出生 Births	死亡 Deaths	
2006 ⁽¹⁾	6 857 100	6 638 300	218 800	43 900	60 300	36 900	20 500
2007	6 916 300	6 692 200	224 200	59 200	69 300	41 200	31 100
2008	6 975 100	6 745 400	229 700	58 800	68 800	42 000	32 000
2009	7 034 100	6 798 700	235 500	59 000	68 600	42 800	33 200
2010	7 094 000	6 852 600	241 400	59 800	68 600	43 700	34 900
2011	7 153 500	6 905 900	247 600	59 500	68 900	44 600	35 100
2012	7 213 000	6 959 100	253 900	59 500	69 400	45 500	35 600
2013	7 273 000	7 012 500	260 400	60 000	70 200	46 300	36 100
2014	7 332 400	7 065 300	267 100	59 400	71 100	47 200	35 500
2015	7 391 400	7 117 400	274 000	59 000	72 200	48 000	34 900
2016	7 450 000	7 168 900	281 100	58 600	73 400	49 000	34 200
2017	7 518 000	7 229 600	288 400	67 900	74 200	49 900	43 600
2018	7 585 400	7 289 800	295 700	67 500	74 600	50 900	43 700
2019	7 652 300	7 349 400	302 900	66 900	74 900	51 900	43 900
2020	7 718 600	7 408 400	310 200	66 200	75 200	52 800	43 900
2021	7 784 000	7 466 600	317 400	65 400	75 300	53 800	43 900
2022	7 848 500	7 523 800	324 700	64 500	75 200	54 700	43 900
2023	7 911 800	7 579 900	332 000	63 400	75 100	55 700	43 900
2024	7 974 000	7 634 800	339 200	62 200	74 900	56 700	44 000
2025	8 034 800	7 688 300	346 500	60 800	74 500	57 700	44 000
2026	8 094 000	7 740 300	353 700	59 200	74 100	58 900	44 000
2027	8 151 400	7 790 400	361 000	57 400	73 700	60 300	44 000
2028	8 206 900	7 838 700	368 300	55 500	73 200	61 700	44 000
2029	8 260 400	7 884 900	375 500	53 500	72 600	63 200	44 000
2030	8 311 700	7 928 900	382 800	51 300	72 000	64 800	44 000
2031	8 360 700	7 970 600	390 000	49 000	71 500	66 500	44 000
2032	8 407 300	8 010 000	397 300	46 700	70 900	68 300	44 000
2033	8 451 600	8 047 100	404 600	44 300	70 500	70 200	44 000
2034	8 493 500	8 081 700	411 800	41 900	70 100	72 300	44 000
2035	8 533 000	8 113 900	419 100	39 500	69 900	74 400	44 000
2036	8 570 200	8 143 900	426 300	37 200	69 800	76 700	44 000

註釋：(1) 基準年人口估計。

Note: (1) Base year population estimates.

表 2 二零零六年年中按年齡組別及性別劃分的人口

Table 2 Mid-2006 Population by Age Group and Sex

年齡組別 Age group	2006					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	110.4	1.6	102.6	1.5	213.0	3.1
5–9	162.3	2.4	151.8	2.2	314.1	4.6
10–14	211.3	3.1	200.8	2.9	412.1	6.0
15–19	222.3	3.2	213.9	3.1	436.2	6.4
20–24	225.6	3.3	246.8	3.6	472.4	6.9
25–29	223.8	3.3	278.5	4.1	502.3	7.3
30–34	238.8	3.5	309.6	4.5	548.4	8.0
35–39	248.0	3.6	331.4	4.8	579.4	8.5
40–44	304.4	4.4	365.3	5.3	669.7	9.8
45–49	323.7	4.7	335.7	4.9	659.4	9.6
50–54	264.0	3.9	267.6	3.9	531.6	7.8
55–59	214.7	3.1	207.8	3.0	422.5	6.2
60–64	127.6	1.9	116.3	1.7	243.9	3.6
65–69	125.2	1.8	116.6	1.7	241.8	3.5
70–74	112.4	1.6	115.9	1.7	228.3	3.3
75–79	82.3	1.2	96.3	1.4	178.6	2.6
80–84	44.8	0.7	67.9	1.0	112.7	1.6
85+	28.5	0.4	62.2	0.9	90.7	1.3
總計 Total	3 270.1	47.7	3 587.0	52.3	6 857.1	100.0

表3 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex, 2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2007					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	113.5	1.6	106.1	1.5	219.6	3.2
5–9	150.9	2.2	140.3	2.0	291.2	4.2
10–14	208.9	3.0	199.2	2.9	408.1	5.9
15–19	225.4	3.3	215.6	3.1	441.0	6.4
20–24	220.9	3.2	255.4	3.7	476.3	6.9
25–29	225.9	3.3	287.6	4.2	513.5	7.4
30–34	237.5	3.4	312.5	4.5	550.0	8.0
35–39	243.5	3.5	326.8	4.7	570.3	8.2
40–44	292.7	4.2	356.6	5.2	649.3	9.4
45–49	321.6	4.6	337.3	4.9	658.9	9.5
50–54	278.6	4.0	282.0	4.1	560.6	8.1
55–59	223.6	3.2	220.3	3.2	443.9	6.4
60–64	141.3	2.0	132.0	1.9	273.3	4.0
65–69	120.5	1.7	110.9	1.6	231.4	3.3
70–74	113.4	1.6	118.5	1.7	231.9	3.4
75–79	85.7	1.2	97.4	1.4	183.1	2.6
80–84	47.3	0.7	71.0	1.0	118.3	1.7
85+	30.1	0.4	65.5	0.9	95.6	1.4
總計 Total	3 281.3	47.4	3 635.0	52.6	6 916.3	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2008					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	115.8	1.7	108.6	1.6	224.4	3.2
5–9	145.4	2.1	134.0	1.9	279.4	4.0
10–14	202.3	2.9	192.8	2.8	395.1	5.7
15–19	226.4	3.2	215.3	3.1	441.7	6.3
20–24	217.6	3.1	262.7	3.8	480.3	6.9
25–29	230.2	3.3	300.6	4.3	530.8	7.6
30–34	232.7	3.3	311.6	4.5	544.3	7.8
35–39	241.1	3.5	325.9	4.7	567.0	8.1
40–44	276.0	4.0	338.7	4.9	614.7	8.8
45–49	321.5	4.6	346.5	5.0	668.0	9.6
50–54	293.4	4.2	298.0	4.3	591.4	8.5
55–59	231.7	3.3	231.3	3.3	463.0	6.6
60–64	155.8	2.2	148.6	2.1	304.4	4.4
65–69	117.2	1.7	106.4	1.5	223.6	3.2
70–74	114.0	1.6	119.0	1.7	233.0	3.3
75–79	89.8	1.3	100.2	1.4	190.0	2.7
80–84	49.7	0.7	73.2	1.0	122.9	1.8
85+	31.7	0.5	69.4	1.0	101.1	1.4
總計 Total	3 292.3	47.2	3 682.8	52.8	6 975.1	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2009					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	120.3	1.7	112.9	1.6	233.2	3.3
5–9	141.1	2.0	130.1	1.8	271.2	3.9
10–14	193.7	2.8	184.4	2.6	378.1	5.4
15–19	222.8	3.2	211.9	3.0	434.7	6.2
20–24	218.2	3.1	270.6	3.8	488.8	6.9
25–29	233.4	3.3	311.9	4.4	545.3	7.8
30–34	229.5	3.3	314.8	4.5	544.3	7.7
35–39	240.7	3.4	322.3	4.6	563.0	8.0
40–44	261.1	3.7	325.5	4.6	586.6	8.3
45–49	316.6	4.5	351.8	5.0	668.4	9.5
50–54	304.2	4.3	309.9	4.4	614.1	8.7
55–59	241.0	3.4	242.9	3.5	483.9	6.9
60–64	171.1	2.4	166.0	2.4	337.1	4.8
65–69	116.7	1.7	105.5	1.5	222.2	3.2
70–74	113.6	1.6	118.1	1.7	231.7	3.3
75–79	94.1	1.3	104.0	1.5	198.1	2.8
80–84	51.8	0.7	75.0	1.1	126.8	1.8
85+	33.4	0.5	73.2	1.0	106.6	1.5
總計 Total	3 303.3	47.0	3 730.8	53.0	7 034.1	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2010					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	125.1	1.8	117.8	1.7	242.9	3.4
5–9	138.6	2.0	128.6	1.8	267.2	3.8
10–14	183.8	2.6	174.5	2.5	358.3	5.1
15–19	220.3	3.1	210.1	3.0	430.4	6.1
20–24	218.5	3.1	274.6	3.9	493.1	7.0
25–29	235.2	3.3	323.6	4.6	558.8	7.9
30–34	228.4	3.2	320.0	4.5	548.4	7.7
35–39	240.5	3.4	319.0	4.5	559.5	7.9
40–44	248.2	3.5	315.8	4.5	564.0	8.0
45–49	307.3	4.3	352.5	5.0	659.8	9.3
50–54	313.0	4.4	319.6	4.5	632.6	8.9
55–59	248.7	3.5	252.3	3.6	501.0	7.1
60–64	190.5	2.7	186.6	2.6	377.1	5.3
65–69	117.9	1.7	108.7	1.5	226.6	3.2
70–74	113.9	1.6	116.4	1.6	230.3	3.2
75–79	94.1	1.3	105.4	1.5	199.5	2.8
80–84	55.3	0.8	76.9	1.1	132.2	1.9
85+	35.4	0.5	76.9	1.1	112.3	1.6
總計 Total	3 314.7	46.7	3 779.3	53.3	7 094.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2011					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	125.3	1.8	120.4	1.7	245.7	3.4
5–9	140.0	2.0	129.6	1.8	269.6	3.8
10–14	175.6	2.5	165.7	2.3	341.3	4.8
15–19	217.8	3.0	208.8	2.9	426.6	6.0
20–24	219.9	3.1	275.9	3.9	495.8	6.9
25–29	234.1	3.3	332.9	4.7	567.0	7.9
30–34	231.3	3.2	331.5	4.6	562.8	7.9
35–39	238.0	3.3	313.5	4.4	551.5	7.7
40–44	239.8	3.4	311.9	4.4	551.7	7.7
45–49	294.3	4.1	345.8	4.8	640.1	8.9
50–54	318.2	4.4	327.1	4.6	645.3	9.0
55–59	260.5	3.6	264.8	3.7	525.3	7.3
60–64	207.2	2.9	204.4	2.9	411.6	5.8
65–69	120.3	1.7	115.1	1.6	235.4	3.3
70–74	113.0	1.6	113.2	1.6	226.2	3.2
75–79	93.9	1.3	106.1	1.5	200.0	2.8
80–84	59.2	0.8	80.0	1.1	139.2	1.9
85+	37.5	0.5	80.9	1.1	118.4	1.7
總計 Total	3 325.9	46.5	3 827.6	53.5	7 153.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2012					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	125.4	1.7	120.4	1.7	245.8	3.4
5–9	147.1	2.0	137.1	1.9	284.2	3.9
10–14	164.2	2.3	154.1	2.1	318.3	4.4
15–19	215.3	3.0	207.1	2.9	422.4	5.9
20–24	222.8	3.1	278.0	3.9	500.8	6.9
25–29	229.3	3.2	341.9	4.7	571.2	7.9
30–34	233.3	3.2	340.4	4.7	573.7	8.0
35–39	236.6	3.3	316.0	4.4	552.6	7.7
40–44	234.9	3.3	307.1	4.3	542.0	7.5
45–49	282.3	3.9	336.9	4.7	619.2	8.6
50–54	316.1	4.4	328.5	4.6	644.6	8.9
55–59	274.8	3.8	278.8	3.9	553.6	7.7
60–64	215.8	3.0	216.6	3.0	432.4	6.0
65–69	133.4	1.8	130.4	1.8	263.8	3.7
70–74	109.0	1.5	107.8	1.5	216.8	3.0
75–79	95.0	1.3	108.6	1.5	203.6	2.8
80–84	61.9	0.9	81.1	1.1	143.0	2.0
85+	39.9	0.6	85.1	1.2	125.0	1.7
總計 Total	3 337.1	46.3	3 875.9	53.7	7 213.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2013					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	126.1	1.7	121.0	1.7	247.1	3.4
5–9	153.1	2.1	143.3	2.0	296.4	4.1
10–14	158.8	2.2	147.8	2.0	306.6	4.2
15–19	208.5	2.9	200.7	2.8	409.2	5.6
20–24	223.6	3.1	278.1	3.8	501.7	6.9
25–29	225.8	3.1	349.6	4.8	575.4	7.9
30–34	237.5	3.3	353.2	4.9	590.7	8.1
35–39	231.8	3.2	314.7	4.3	546.5	7.5
40–44	232.4	3.2	305.8	4.2	538.2	7.4
45–49	265.6	3.7	318.8	4.4	584.4	8.0
50–54	315.7	4.3	337.4	4.6	653.1	9.0
55–59	289.2	4.0	294.5	4.0	583.7	8.0
60–64	223.7	3.1	227.3	3.1	451.0	6.2
65–69	147.2	2.0	146.7	2.0	293.9	4.0
70–74	106.3	1.5	103.6	1.4	209.9	2.9
75–79	95.9	1.3	109.2	1.5	205.1	2.8
80–84	65.1	0.9	83.8	1.2	148.9	2.0
85+	42.2	0.6	89.0	1.2	131.2	1.8
總計 Total	3 348.5	46.0	3 924.5	54.0	7 273.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2014					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	127.4	1.7	122.2	1.7	249.6	3.4
5–9	160.4	2.2	150.3	2.0	310.7	4.2
10–14	154.5	2.1	144.0	2.0	298.5	4.1
15–19	199.8	2.7	192.1	2.6	391.9	5.3
20–24	219.8	3.0	275.1	3.8	494.9	6.7
25–29	226.3	3.1	358.0	4.9	584.3	8.0
30–34	240.6	3.3	364.2	5.0	604.8	8.2
35–39	228.5	3.1	317.5	4.3	546.0	7.4
40–44	232.0	3.2	301.7	4.1	533.7	7.3
45–49	250.6	3.4	305.4	4.2	556.0	7.6
50–54	311.0	4.2	342.4	4.7	653.4	8.9
55–59	299.6	4.1	306.3	4.2	605.9	8.3
60–64	232.6	3.2	238.8	3.3	471.4	6.4
65–69	161.9	2.2	163.6	2.2	325.5	4.4
70–74	106.1	1.4	102.8	1.4	208.9	2.8
75–79	95.8	1.3	108.6	1.5	204.4	2.8
80–84	68.5	0.9	87.2	1.2	155.7	2.1
85+	44.2	0.6	92.6	1.3	136.8	1.9
總計 Total	3 359.6	45.8	3 972.8	54.2	7 332.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2037

年齡組別 Age group	2015					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.2	1.7	123.9	1.7	253.1	3.4
5–9	166.4	2.3	156.6	2.1	323.0	4.4
10–14	152.3	2.1	142.8	1.9	295.1	4.0
15–19	189.8	2.6	182.2	2.5	372.0	5.0
20–24	217.0	2.9	273.8	3.7	490.8	6.6
25–29	226.5	3.1	362.4	4.9	588.9	8.0
30–34	242.2	3.3	375.7	5.1	617.9	8.4
35–39	227.2	3.1	322.4	4.4	549.6	7.4
40–44	231.6	3.1	298.1	4.0	529.7	7.2
45–49	237.7	3.2	295.3	4.0	533.0	7.2
50–54	301.6	4.1	342.7	4.6	644.3	8.7
55–59	308.4	4.2	315.5	4.3	623.9	8.4
60–64	240.3	3.3	248.0	3.4	488.3	6.6
65–69	180.4	2.4	183.8	2.5	364.2	4.9
70–74	107.5	1.5	106.0	1.4	213.5	2.9
75–79	96.3	1.3	107.1	1.4	203.4	2.8
80–84	68.6	0.9	88.5	1.2	157.1	2.1
85+	47.4	0.6	96.2	1.3	143.6	1.9
總計 Total	3 370.4	45.6	4 021.0	54.4	7 391.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2016					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.5	1.8	126.0	1.7	257.5	3.5
5–9	167.4	2.2	159.7	2.1	327.1	4.4
10–14	154.3	2.1	144.3	1.9	298.6	4.0
15–19	181.5	2.4	173.3	2.3	354.8	4.8
20–24	214.4	2.9	272.9	3.7	487.3	6.5
25–29	227.6	3.1	364.2	4.9	591.8	7.9
30–34	240.9	3.2	384.7	5.2	625.6	8.4
35–39	229.9	3.1	333.6	4.5	563.5	7.6
40–44	229.0	3.1	292.2	3.9	521.2	7.0
45–49	229.1	3.1	291.2	3.9	520.3	7.0
50–54	288.5	3.9	336.0	4.5	624.5	8.4
55–59	313.4	4.2	322.8	4.3	636.2	8.5
60–64	251.7	3.4	260.3	3.5	512.0	6.9
65–69	196.4	2.6	201.1	2.7	397.5	5.3
70–74	109.9	1.5	112.3	1.5	222.2	3.0
75–79	95.8	1.3	104.2	1.4	200.0	2.7
80–84	68.7	0.9	89.3	1.2	158.0	2.1
85+	51.0	0.7	100.9	1.4	151.9	2.0
總計 Total	3 381.0	45.4	4 069.0	54.6	7 450.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2017					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	133.8	1.8	127.9	1.7	261.7	3.5
5–9	167.7	2.2	160.1	2.1	327.8	4.4
10–14	162.8	2.2	153.0	2.0	315.8	4.2
15–19	170.6	2.3	162.2	2.2	332.8	4.4
20–24	212.1	2.8	272.8	3.6	484.9	6.5
25–29	230.4	3.1	363.7	4.8	594.1	7.9
30–34	236.0	3.1	393.0	5.2	629.0	8.4
35–39	232.8	3.1	343.6	4.6	576.4	7.7
40–44	227.9	3.0	296.2	3.9	524.1	7.0
45–49	225.1	3.0	287.4	3.8	512.5	6.8
50–54	276.1	3.7	327.4	4.4	603.5	8.0
55–59	311.7	4.1	325.2	4.3	636.9	8.5
60–64	265.8	3.5	274.3	3.6	540.1	7.2
65–69	204.4	2.7	213.1	2.8	417.5	5.6
70–74	122.5	1.6	127.2	1.7	249.7	3.3
75–79	92.5	1.2	99.6	1.3	192.1	2.6
80–84	69.9	0.9	91.5	1.2	161.4	2.1
85+	54.0	0.7	103.7	1.4	157.7	2.1
總計 Total	3 396.1	45.2	4 121.9	54.8	7 518.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2018					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.4	1.8	130.2	1.7	266.6	3.5
5–9	168.1	2.2	160.8	2.1	328.9	4.3
10–14	169.5	2.2	159.3	2.1	328.8	4.3
15–19	165.3	2.2	156.5	2.1	321.8	4.2
20–24	206.4	2.7	268.2	3.5	474.6	6.3
25–29	231.0	3.0	361.9	4.8	592.9	7.8
30–34	232.4	3.1	398.8	5.3	631.2	8.3
35–39	237.7	3.1	357.9	4.7	595.6	7.9
40–44	223.2	2.9	296.2	3.9	519.4	6.8
45–49	223.6	2.9	287.6	3.8	511.2	6.7
50–54	259.3	3.4	309.8	4.1	569.1	7.5
55–59	311.9	4.1	334.6	4.4	646.5	8.5
60–64	280.2	3.7	290.1	3.8	570.3	7.5
65–69	211.9	2.8	223.8	2.9	435.7	5.7
70–74	135.6	1.8	142.8	1.9	278.4	3.7
75–79	90.4	1.2	96.2	1.3	186.6	2.5
80–84	71.0	0.9	92.1	1.2	163.1	2.2
85+	57.1	0.8	107.6	1.4	164.7	2.2
總計 Total	3 411.0	45.0	4 174.4	55.0	7 585.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2019					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	138.8	1.8	132.6	1.7	271.4	3.5
5–9	168.7	2.2	161.8	2.1	330.5	4.3
10–14	177.2	2.3	166.5	2.2	343.7	4.5
15–19	161.4	2.1	153.3	2.0	314.7	4.1
20–24	198.9	2.6	261.1	3.4	460.0	6.0
25–29	227.2	3.0	357.8	4.7	585.0	7.6
30–34	233.1	3.0	404.7	5.3	637.8	8.3
35–39	241.3	3.2	370.3	4.8	611.6	8.0
40–44	220.0	2.9	300.3	3.9	520.3	6.8
45–49	223.7	2.9	284.9	3.7	508.6	6.6
50–54	244.7	3.2	297.1	3.9	541.8	7.1
55–59	307.7	4.0	340.0	4.4	647.7	8.5
60–64	290.9	3.8	302.5	4.0	593.4	7.8
65–69	220.8	2.9	235.3	3.1	456.1	6.0
70–74	149.2	1.9	158.9	2.1	308.1	4.0
75–79	90.5	1.2	96.0	1.3	186.5	2.4
80–84	71.5	0.9	91.8	1.2	163.3	2.1
85+	60.0	0.8	111.8	1.5	171.8	2.2
總計 Total	3 425.6	44.8	4 226.7	55.2	7 652.3	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2020					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	140.5	1.8	134.4	1.7	274.9	3.6
5–9	170.0	2.2	163.1	2.1	333.1	4.3
10–14	183.8	2.4	173.2	2.2	357.0	4.6
15–19	160.0	2.1	152.9	2.0	312.9	4.1
20–24	189.7	2.5	252.4	3.3	442.1	5.7
25–29	224.2	2.9	356.5	4.6	580.7	7.5
30–34	233.8	3.0	406.6	5.3	640.4	8.3
35–39	243.2	3.2	382.3	5.0	625.5	8.1
40–44	219.7	2.8	306.9	4.0	526.6	6.8
45–49	223.4	2.9	282.1	3.7	505.5	6.5
50–54	232.7	3.0	287.8	3.7	520.5	6.7
55–59	298.4	3.9	340.9	4.4	639.3	8.3
60–64	299.8	3.9	312.7	4.1	612.5	7.9
65–69	228.6	3.0	244.6	3.2	473.2	6.1
70–74	166.3	2.2	178.4	2.3	344.7	4.5
75–79	91.9	1.2	99.0	1.3	190.9	2.5
80–84	72.2	0.9	90.8	1.2	163.0	2.1
85+	61.5	0.8	114.3	1.5	175.8	2.3
總計 Total	3 439.7	44.6	4 278.9	55.4	7 718.6	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2021					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.3	1.8	135.3	1.7	276.6	3.6
5–9	172.0	2.2	164.8	2.1	336.8	4.3
10–14	185.4	2.4	176.9	2.3	362.3	4.7
15–19	163.0	2.1	155.0	2.0	318.0	4.1
20–24	182.2	2.3	244.6	3.1	426.8	5.5
25–29	221.4	2.8	356.7	4.6	578.1	7.4
30–34	235.0	3.0	405.6	5.2	640.6	8.2
35–39	241.9	3.1	391.3	5.0	633.2	8.1
40–44	223.5	2.9	319.8	4.1	543.3	7.0
45–49	221.1	2.8	277.5	3.6	498.6	6.4
50–54	225.2	2.9	284.5	3.7	509.7	6.5
55–59	285.3	3.7	334.6	4.3	619.9	8.0
60–64	305.4	3.9	320.8	4.1	626.2	8.0
65–69	239.8	3.1	256.9	3.3	496.7	6.4
70–74	181.0	2.3	195.2	2.5	376.2	4.8
75–79	94.4	1.2	104.8	1.3	199.2	2.6
80–84	72.2	0.9	88.9	1.1	161.1	2.1
85+	63.3	0.8	117.4	1.5	180.7	2.3
總計 Total	3 453.4	44.4	4 330.6	55.6	7 784.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2022					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.8	1.8	135.8	1.7	277.6	3.5
5–9	174.3	2.2	166.7	2.1	341.0	4.3
10–14	185.7	2.4	177.3	2.3	363.0	4.6
15–19	171.7	2.2	163.8	2.1	335.5	4.3
20–24	171.3	2.2	234.1	3.0	405.4	5.2
25–29	219.2	2.8	357.1	4.6	576.3	7.3
30–34	237.8	3.0	405.1	5.2	642.9	8.2
35–39	237.0	3.0	399.3	5.1	636.3	8.1
40–44	226.3	2.9	329.6	4.2	555.9	7.1
45–49	220.0	2.8	281.4	3.6	501.4	6.4
50–54	221.2	2.8	280.6	3.6	501.8	6.4
55–59	273.1	3.5	326.0	4.2	599.1	7.6
60–64	304.1	3.9	323.0	4.1	627.1	8.0
65–69	253.4	3.2	270.8	3.5	524.2	6.7
70–74	188.7	2.4	206.8	2.6	395.5	5.0
75–79	105.6	1.3	118.9	1.5	224.5	2.9
80–84	69.8	0.9	85.0	1.1	154.8	2.0
85+	65.6	0.8	120.6	1.5	186.2	2.4
總計 Total	3 466.6	44.2	4 381.9	55.8	7 848.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2023					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	142.0	1.8	136.1	1.7	278.1	3.5
5–9	176.9	2.2	169.0	2.1	345.9	4.4
10–14	186.1	2.4	178.0	2.2	364.1	4.6
15–19	178.4	2.3	170.3	2.2	348.7	4.4
20–24	166.0	2.1	229.1	2.9	395.1	5.0
25–29	213.5	2.7	353.0	4.5	566.5	7.2
30–34	238.5	3.0	402.9	5.1	641.4	8.1
35–39	233.4	2.9	404.8	5.1	638.2	8.1
40–44	231.1	2.9	343.7	4.3	574.8	7.3
45–49	215.3	2.7	281.2	3.6	496.5	6.3
50–54	219.8	2.8	280.7	3.5	500.5	6.3
55–59	256.7	3.2	308.5	3.9	565.2	7.1
60–64	304.4	3.8	332.4	4.2	636.8	8.0
65–69	267.5	3.4	286.4	3.6	553.9	7.0
70–74	195.9	2.5	217.3	2.7	413.2	5.2
75–79	117.4	1.5	133.5	1.7	250.9	3.2
80–84	68.4	0.9	82.3	1.0	150.7	1.9
85+	67.9	0.9	123.4	1.6	191.3	2.4
總計 Total	3 479.2	44.0	4 432.6	56.0	7 911.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2024					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	142.0	1.8	136.1	1.7	278.1	3.5
5–9	179.3	2.2	171.3	2.1	350.6	4.4
10–14	186.7	2.3	179.0	2.2	365.7	4.6
15–19	186.2	2.3	177.5	2.2	363.7	4.6
20–24	162.2	2.0	226.5	2.8	388.7	4.9
25–29	206.0	2.6	346.6	4.3	552.6	6.9
30–34	234.6	2.9	398.8	5.0	633.4	7.9
35–39	234.1	2.9	410.5	5.1	644.6	8.1
40–44	234.8	2.9	355.7	4.5	590.5	7.4
45–49	212.3	2.7	285.0	3.6	497.3	6.2
50–54	219.9	2.8	277.9	3.5	497.8	6.2
55–59	242.5	3.0	295.9	3.7	538.4	6.8
60–64	300.2	3.8	337.9	4.2	638.1	8.0
65–69	277.8	3.5	298.7	3.7	576.5	7.2
70–74	204.5	2.6	228.5	2.9	433.0	5.4
75–79	129.6	1.6	148.7	1.9	278.3	3.5
80–84	68.8	0.9	82.5	1.0	151.3	1.9
85+	69.6	0.9	125.8	1.6	195.4	2.5
總計 Total	3 491.1	43.8	4 482.9	56.2	7 974.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2025					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.7	1.8	135.7	1.7	277.4	3.5
5–9	181.0	2.3	173.2	2.2	354.2	4.4
10–14	188.0	2.3	180.3	2.2	368.3	4.6
15–19	192.9	2.4	184.2	2.3	377.1	4.7
20–24	160.8	2.0	226.7	2.8	387.5	4.8
25–29	196.9	2.5	338.3	4.2	535.2	6.7
30–34	231.6	2.9	397.3	4.9	628.9	7.8
35–39	234.8	2.9	412.3	5.1	647.1	8.1
40–44	236.6	2.9	367.5	4.6	604.1	7.5
45–49	211.9	2.6	291.5	3.6	503.4	6.3
50–54	219.6	2.7	275.0	3.4	494.6	6.2
55–59	230.8	2.9	286.6	3.6	517.4	6.4
60–64	291.4	3.6	338.7	4.2	630.1	7.8
65–69	286.6	3.6	308.8	3.8	595.4	7.4
70–74	212.0	2.6	237.8	3.0	449.8	5.6
75–79	144.8	1.8	167.0	2.1	311.8	3.9
80–84	70.3	0.9	85.3	1.1	155.6	1.9
85+	70.6	0.9	126.3	1.6	196.9	2.5
總計 Total	3 502.3	43.6	4 532.5	56.4	8 034.8	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2026					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.1	1.7	135.2	1.7	276.3	3.4
5–9	181.8	2.2	174.1	2.2	355.9	4.4
10–14	190.0	2.3	182.0	2.2	372.0	4.6
15–19	194.4	2.4	188.1	2.3	382.5	4.7
20–24	163.9	2.0	229.4	2.8	393.3	4.9
25–29	189.4	2.3	331.1	4.1	520.5	6.4
30–34	228.7	2.8	397.4	4.9	626.1	7.7
35–39	236.0	2.9	410.9	5.1	646.9	8.0
40–44	235.4	2.9	376.2	4.6	611.6	7.6
45–49	215.6	2.7	304.2	3.8	519.8	6.4
50–54	217.4	2.7	270.2	3.3	487.6	6.0
55–59	223.4	2.8	283.3	3.5	506.7	6.3
60–64	278.8	3.4	332.5	4.1	611.3	7.6
65–69	292.2	3.6	316.9	3.9	609.1	7.5
70–74	222.9	2.8	249.8	3.1	472.7	5.8
75–79	157.7	1.9	182.8	2.3	340.5	4.2
80–84	72.5	0.9	90.7	1.1	163.2	2.0
85+	71.4	0.9	126.6	1.6	198.0	2.4
總計 Total	3 512.6	43.4	4 581.4	56.6	8 094.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2027					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	140.3	1.7	134.4	1.6	274.7	3.4
5–9	182.3	2.2	174.6	2.1	356.9	4.4
10–14	192.3	2.4	183.9	2.3	376.2	4.6
15–19	194.8	2.4	188.4	2.3	383.2	4.7
20–24	172.5	2.1	238.9	2.9	411.4	5.0
25–29	178.5	2.2	321.2	3.9	499.7	6.1
30–34	226.7	2.8	397.6	4.9	624.3	7.7
35–39	238.8	2.9	410.1	5.0	648.9	8.0
40–44	230.6	2.8	383.9	4.7	614.5	7.5
45–49	218.6	2.7	313.7	3.8	532.3	6.5
50–54	216.3	2.7	274.0	3.4	490.3	6.0
55–59	219.6	2.7	279.3	3.4	498.9	6.1
60–64	267.0	3.3	324.0	4.0	591.0	7.3
65–69	291.0	3.6	319.1	3.9	610.1	7.5
70–74	235.9	2.9	263.4	3.2	499.3	6.1
75–79	164.5	2.0	193.9	2.4	358.4	4.4
80–84	81.7	1.0	103.3	1.3	185.0	2.3
85+	70.7	0.9	125.6	1.5	196.3	2.4
總計 Total	3 522.1	43.2	4 629.3	56.8	8 151.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2028					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	139.3	1.7	133.5	1.6	272.8	3.3
5–9	182.6	2.2	174.8	2.1	357.4	4.4
10–14	194.9	2.4	186.2	2.3	381.1	4.6
15–19	195.1	2.4	189.1	2.3	384.2	4.7
20–24	179.4	2.2	245.9	3.0	425.3	5.2
25–29	173.3	2.1	316.7	3.9	490.0	6.0
30–34	220.9	2.7	393.5	4.8	614.4	7.5
35–39	239.4	2.9	407.9	5.0	647.3	7.9
40–44	226.9	2.8	389.3	4.7	616.2	7.5
45–49	223.4	2.7	327.5	4.0	550.9	6.7
50–54	211.7	2.6	273.6	3.3	485.3	5.9
55–59	218.2	2.7	279.4	3.4	497.6	6.1
60–64	251.2	3.1	306.7	3.7	557.9	6.8
65–69	291.7	3.6	328.4	4.0	620.1	7.6
70–74	249.2	3.0	278.7	3.4	527.9	6.4
75–79	171.1	2.1	203.7	2.5	374.8	4.6
80–84	91.2	1.1	116.3	1.4	207.5	2.5
85+	71.0	0.9	125.2	1.5	196.2	2.4
總計 Total	3 530.5	43.0	4 676.4	57.0	8 206.9	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2029					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	138.1	1.7	132.5	1.6	270.6	3.3
5–9	182.6	2.2	174.7	2.1	357.3	4.3
10–14	197.3	2.4	188.5	2.3	385.8	4.7
15–19	195.8	2.4	190.1	2.3	385.9	4.7
20–24	187.1	2.3	253.8	3.1	440.9	5.3
25–29	169.4	2.1	314.7	3.8	484.1	5.9
30–34	213.5	2.6	386.8	4.7	600.3	7.3
35–39	235.5	2.9	403.6	4.9	639.1	7.7
40–44	227.6	2.8	394.8	4.8	622.4	7.5
45–49	227.0	2.7	339.4	4.1	566.4	6.9
50–54	208.7	2.5	277.3	3.4	486.0	5.9
55–59	218.4	2.6	276.5	3.3	494.9	6.0
60–64	237.4	2.9	294.3	3.6	531.7	6.4
65–69	287.8	3.5	333.9	4.0	621.7	7.5
70–74	259.3	3.1	290.6	3.5	549.9	6.7
75–79	179.0	2.2	214.4	2.6	393.4	4.8
80–84	101.1	1.2	129.8	1.6	230.9	2.8
85+	72.2	0.9	126.9	1.5	199.1	2.4
總計 Total	3 537.8	42.8	4 722.6	57.2	8 260.4	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2030					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	136.9	1.6	131.2	1.6	268.1	3.2
5–9	182.2	2.2	174.5	2.1	356.7	4.3
10–14	199.0	2.4	190.4	2.3	389.4	4.7
15–19	197.1	2.4	191.4	2.3	388.5	4.7
20–24	193.7	2.3	261.1	3.1	454.8	5.5
25–29	168.0	2.0	315.5	3.8	483.5	5.8
30–34	204.4	2.5	378.5	4.6	582.9	7.0
35–39	232.7	2.8	401.7	4.8	634.4	7.6
40–44	228.3	2.7	396.2	4.8	624.5	7.5
45–49	228.9	2.8	350.9	4.2	579.8	7.0
50–54	208.3	2.5	283.6	3.4	491.9	5.9
55–59	218.1	2.6	273.6	3.3	491.7	5.9
60–64	226.2	2.7	285.1	3.4	511.3	6.2
65–69	279.5	3.4	334.8	4.0	614.3	7.4
70–74	267.7	3.2	300.5	3.6	568.2	6.8
75–79	186.1	2.2	223.3	2.7	409.4	4.9
80–84	113.2	1.4	146.1	1.8	259.3	3.1
85+	73.7	0.9	129.3	1.6	203.0	2.4
總計 Total	3 544.0	42.6	4 767.7	57.4	8 311.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2031					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.5	1.6	130.0	1.6	265.5	3.2
5–9	181.6	2.2	173.9	2.1	355.5	4.3
10–14	199.8	2.4	191.3	2.3	391.1	4.7
15–19	199.1	2.4	193.1	2.3	392.2	4.7
20–24	195.3	2.3	265.5	3.2	460.8	5.5
25–29	171.0	2.0	318.8	3.8	489.8	5.9
30–34	197.0	2.4	371.1	4.4	568.1	6.8
35–39	230.0	2.7	401.5	4.8	631.5	7.6
40–44	229.7	2.7	394.6	4.7	624.3	7.5
45–49	227.7	2.7	359.4	4.3	587.1	7.0
50–54	212.1	2.5	296.1	3.5	508.2	6.1
55–59	215.9	2.6	268.8	3.2	484.7	5.8
60–64	219.0	2.6	281.9	3.4	500.9	6.0
65–69	267.5	3.2	328.8	3.9	596.3	7.1
70–74	273.1	3.3	308.5	3.7	581.6	7.0
75–79	196.0	2.3	234.8	2.8	430.8	5.2
80–84	123.2	1.5	160.0	1.9	283.2	3.4
85+	75.5	0.9	133.6	1.6	209.1	2.5
總計 Total	3 549.0	42.4	4 811.7	57.6	8 360.7	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2032					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	134.1	1.6	128.7	1.5	262.8	3.1
5–9	180.8	2.2	173.2	2.1	354.0	4.2
10–14	200.3	2.4	191.8	2.3	392.1	4.7
15–19	201.4	2.4	195.0	2.3	396.4	4.7
20–24	195.7	2.3	266.5	3.2	462.2	5.5
25–29	179.8	2.1	328.7	3.9	508.5	6.0
30–34	186.1	2.2	361.1	4.3	547.2	6.5
35–39	227.8	2.7	401.6	4.8	629.4	7.5
40–44	232.5	2.8	393.5	4.7	626.0	7.4
45–49	222.7	2.6	367.0	4.4	589.7	7.0
50–54	215.0	2.6	305.4	3.6	520.4	6.2
55–59	214.9	2.6	272.4	3.2	487.3	5.8
60–64	215.4	2.6	277.9	3.3	493.3	5.9
65–69	256.3	3.0	320.5	3.8	576.8	6.9
70–74	272.2	3.2	310.7	3.7	582.9	6.9
75–79	207.7	2.5	247.8	2.9	455.5	5.4
80–84	128.8	1.5	169.8	2.0	298.6	3.6
85+	81.3	1.0	142.9	1.7	224.2	2.7
總計 Total	3 552.8	42.3	4 854.5	57.7	8 407.3	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2033					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	132.7	1.6	127.4	1.5	260.1	3.1
5–9	179.8	2.1	172.3	2.0	352.1	4.2
10–14	200.6	2.4	192.0	2.3	392.6	4.6
15–19	204.0	2.4	197.3	2.3	401.3	4.7
20–24	196.0	2.3	267.8	3.2	463.8	5.5
25–29	186.5	2.2	336.4	4.0	522.9	6.2
30–34	180.9	2.1	356.4	4.2	537.3	6.4
35–39	222.1	2.6	397.2	4.7	619.3	7.3
40–44	233.1	2.8	391.2	4.6	624.3	7.4
45–49	219.2	2.6	372.1	4.4	591.3	7.0
50–54	219.8	2.6	319.0	3.8	538.8	6.4
55–59	210.5	2.5	271.9	3.2	482.4	5.7
60–64	214.1	2.5	278.0	3.3	492.1	5.8
65–69	241.3	2.9	303.5	3.6	544.8	6.4
70–74	273.0	3.2	320.0	3.8	593.0	7.0
75–79	219.7	2.6	262.3	3.1	482.0	5.7
80–84	134.1	1.6	178.6	2.1	312.7	3.7
85+	88.0	1.0	152.8	1.8	240.8	2.8
總計 Total	3 555.4	42.1	4 896.2	57.9	8 451.6	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2034					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.5	1.5	126.2	1.5	257.7	3.0
5–9	178.7	2.1	171.1	2.0	349.8	4.1
10–14	200.6	2.4	191.9	2.3	392.5	4.6
15–19	206.4	2.4	199.6	2.4	406.0	4.8
20–24	196.7	2.3	269.4	3.2	466.1	5.5
25–29	194.4	2.3	344.7	4.1	539.1	6.3
30–34	177.0	2.1	354.3	4.2	531.3	6.3
35–39	214.6	2.5	390.4	4.6	605.0	7.1
40–44	229.1	2.7	386.6	4.6	615.7	7.2
45–49	220.1	2.6	377.3	4.4	597.4	7.0
50–54	223.4	2.6	330.7	3.9	554.1	6.5
55–59	207.5	2.4	275.6	3.2	483.1	5.7
60–64	214.3	2.5	275.2	3.2	489.5	5.8
65–69	228.2	2.7	291.4	3.4	519.6	6.1
70–74	269.6	3.2	325.5	3.8	595.1	7.0
75–79	228.9	2.7	273.7	3.2	502.6	5.9
80–84	140.5	1.7	188.3	2.2	328.8	3.9
85+	95.3	1.1	164.8	1.9	260.1	3.1
總計 Total	3 556.8	41.9	4 936.7	58.1	8 493.5	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2035					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	130.4	1.5	125.2	1.5	255.6	3.0
5–9	177.4	2.1	170.0	2.0	347.4	4.1
10–14	200.2	2.3	191.7	2.2	391.9	4.6
15–19	208.1	2.4	201.4	2.4	409.5	4.8
20–24	197.9	2.3	271.3	3.2	469.2	5.5
25–29	201.0	2.4	352.6	4.1	553.6	6.5
30–34	175.7	2.1	354.9	4.2	530.6	6.2
35–39	205.6	2.4	381.8	4.5	587.4	6.9
40–44	226.5	2.7	384.5	4.5	611.0	7.2
45–49	220.8	2.6	378.5	4.4	599.3	7.0
50–54	225.3	2.6	342.0	4.0	567.3	6.6
55–59	207.2	2.4	281.7	3.3	488.9	5.7
60–64	214.1	2.5	272.3	3.2	486.4	5.7
65–69	217.4	2.5	282.5	3.3	499.9	5.9
70–74	262.0	3.1	326.5	3.8	588.5	6.9
75–79	236.5	2.8	283.2	3.3	519.7	6.1
80–84	146.8	1.7	196.4	2.3	343.2	4.0
85+	104.2	1.2	179.4	2.1	283.6	3.3
總計 Total	3 557.1	41.7	4 975.9	58.3	8 533.0	100.0

表3 (續) 二零零七年至二零三六年按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口
Table 3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population by Age Group and Sex,
2007–2036

年齡組別 Age group	2036					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.5	1.5	124.4	1.5	253.9	3.0
5–9	176.1	2.1	168.7	2.0	344.8	4.0
10–14	199.7	2.3	191.1	2.2	390.8	4.6
15–19	208.9	2.4	202.3	2.4	411.2	4.8
20–24	200.0	2.3	273.5	3.2	473.5	5.5
25–29	202.5	2.4	357.6	4.2	560.1	6.5
30–34	178.7	2.1	358.0	4.2	536.7	6.3
35–39	198.2	2.3	374.2	4.4	572.4	6.7
40–44	223.6	2.6	384.3	4.5	607.9	7.1
45–49	222.0	2.6	376.9	4.4	598.9	7.0
50–54	224.1	2.6	350.3	4.1	574.4	6.7
55–59	211.0	2.5	294.0	3.4	505.0	5.9
60–64	212.1	2.5	267.5	3.1	479.6	5.6
65–69	210.7	2.5	279.4	3.3	490.1	5.7
70–74	250.9	2.9	320.7	3.7	571.6	6.7
75–79	241.6	2.8	290.8	3.4	532.4	6.2
80–84	155.0	1.8	206.9	2.4	361.9	4.2
85+	111.7	1.3	193.3	2.3	305.0	3.6
總計 Total	3 556.3	41.5	5 013.9	58.5	8 570.2	100.0

3. 推算方法

人口範圍

3.1 香港人口以「居港人口」量度。「居港人口」包括「常住居民」及「流動居民」。
「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

人口推算

3.2 人口推算採用的標準方法為「組成部分法」。按照這方法，先將某基準年的人口按年齡及性別劃分，然後結合不同的生育推算、死亡推算及人口遷移推算，逐年推算，直至推算期末年。

3.3 二零零六年年中人口估計為此套人口推算的人口基數。

3.4 根據有關每個推算年份（即由每個曆年年中至下一曆年年中）的生育、死亡及人口遷移假設，運用下列計算方法，就可得出該推算年份年終的人口總數及其人口的年齡性別結構：

3. Projection Methodology

Population Coverage

3.1 The Hong Kong Population is measured by the “Hong Kong Resident Population”, which comprises “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”. “Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point. As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

Population Projections

3.2 The standard method of compiling population projections, i.e. the “component method”, is adopted. Under this method, a population at a certain base year is brought forward by age and sex under separate projections of fertility, mortality and movement, year after year until the end of the projection period.

3.3 The mid-2006 population estimate is the base figure for this set of population projections.

3.4 Based on the assumptions made on fertility, mortality and movement for each projection year (i.e. from mid-year of a calendar year to mid-year of the following calendar year), the size and age-sex structure of the population at the end of that projection year are worked out by applying the following algorithm:

- (一) 在推算年份年初，將人口基數／推算人口乘以按年齡及性別劃分的推算前向存活率⁽¹⁾而得出推算年份年終的生存人口。
- (二) 將育齡期（即十五至四十九歲）內每一年齡的平均香港女性數目乘以推算所得的相應香港女性年齡別生育率會得出由香港女性所生的嬰兒數目，加上假設內地女性在港產子的數目，便得到總出生數目。把出生總數按出生時的平均性別比率⁽²⁾劃分男、女出生數目，然後根據推算出的男女各自前向存活率，得出推算年份年終零歲男女的生存人口。
- (三) 將假定的人口淨遷移加進推算年份年終的生存人口。
- (1) The projected forward survival ratios⁽¹⁾ by age and sex are applied to the base/projected population at the beginning of a projection year to derive the surviving population at the end of that projection year.
- (2) The projected age specific fertility rates of Hong Kong women are applied to the respective average numbers of women in individual childbearing ages 15–49 to obtain the number of births born in Hong Kong to Hong Kong women. Adding the assumed number of births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women, the total number of births is obtained. These births, after being divided into males and females by an average sex ratio at birth⁽²⁾, are subjected to their respective projected forward survival ratios. The surviving population aged 0 by sex at the end of that projection year is then derived.
- (3) The assumed net movement is added to the surviving population at the end of that projection year.

生育推算

3.5 年齡別生育率⁽³⁾過去的趨勢是訂定生育假設的基礎。在生育分析及推算中，已考慮各種因素，包括已婚女性比例、已婚女性年齡別生育率及內地女性在香港產子的情況，以推算將來的生育率。

3.6 擬定生育假設的過程，並不是機械化地把過往的趨勢伸延，特別是要考慮以下兩方面：

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- 註釋：(1) 前向存活率是從確切年齡 x 歲至 $x+1$ 歲之間尚存人數的比例。
- (2) 根據一九七一年至二零零六年間的出生數字，平均出生時性別比率為每千名女性對 1 074 名男性。
- (3) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

Fertility Projections

3.5 The past trends of the age specific fertility rates⁽³⁾ (AFRs) provide the basis for formulating the fertility assumptions. In the fertility analysis and projections, reference is made to various factors, including the proportion of now married women, the marital fertility rates and births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women in order to project the future fertility rates.

3.6 In formulating the fertility assumptions, the process is not strictly a mechanical one that follows the extrapolated trends. Particular reference is made to the following two considerations:

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- Notes: (1) Forward survival ratio is the proportion of persons surviving from exact age x to age $x+1$.
- (2) The average sex ratio at birth is 1 074 males per 1 000 females according to births delivered in the period 1971–2006.
- (3) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

- (一) 遲婚導致較年輕年齡組別的已婚女性比例預期持續下降，也縮短了女性的生育時期。另一方面，推遲首胎的生育年齡導致三十多歲女性的已婚生育率預期會上升。
- (二) 過去數年，內地女性（而其配偶為香港永久性居民）在香港所生的嬰兒數目大致平穩，但內地女性（而其配偶並非香港永久性居民）在香港所生的嬰兒數目卻有明顯上升趨勢。

3.7 為確保推算得來的年齡別生育率從出生組群的角度看來是合理的，需要驗證此等生育率對一些出生組群所產生的影響。因此根據香港過去生育趨勢及其他經濟地區的經驗，對年齡別生育率推算得的平均生育數字，以及最少有一名子女的女性百分比作出評估。

死亡推算

3.8 香港未來的死亡水平使用 Lee-Carter 方法來推算。這方法使用年齡性別死亡率的過去趨勢建立統計模型。為確保所推算的死亡率是合適和沒有矛盾，曾進行下列驗證：

- (一) 根據過去的趨勢及近期的情況，核對推算所得死亡率中男性死亡率相對女性死亡率的差異；及
- (二) 根據其他經濟地區的過去經驗及推算，評估從推算死亡率所得未來的出生時平均預期壽命。

3.9 推算所得的死亡率用以編製人口生命表，再從人口生命表計算前向存活率。前向存活率是評估老齡化及前向存活過程所需的數據。

- (1) Because of marriage postponement, the proportion of now married women in the younger age groups is expected to decrease and the childbearing period shortened. On the other hand, as the first childbearing age is postponed, the marital fertility rate of women in the thirties is expected to rise.
- (2) The trend of births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women whose spouses are Hong Kong Permanent Residents remained relatively stable while a large increase in births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women whose spouses are not Hong Kong Permanent Residents was observed in the past few years.

3.7 The implications of the projected AFRs for some birth cohorts are checked to ensure that they are reasonable from the cohort perspective. In this connection, the average number of children ever born and the percentage of women having at least one child as implied by the fertility assumptions are assessed in the light of past experience in Hong Kong and the experience of other economies.

Mortality Projections

3.8 The future mortality level of Hong Kong is projected using the Lee-Carter method, which is a statistical modelling technique based on the historical age-sex specific mortality rates. The following checks are made to ensure the appropriateness and consistency of the projected mortality rates:

- (1) The excess of male mortality over female mortality of the projected mortality rates is checked against the past trend, in particular its most recent pattern; and
- (2) The expectation of life at birth implied by the projected mortality rates is assessed with reference to the experience and the projections of other economies.

3.9 The projected mortality rates are then applied to construct life tables, which give the forward survival ratios required for assessing the future population ageing and survival process for the projection.

人口遷移推算

3.10 香港人口的近期居住和流動形態，是擬定人口遷移假設的基礎。

Movement Projections

3.10 The recent trends of the residency and mobility patterns of the Hong Kong population provide the basis for formulating the movement assumptions.

4. 推算假設

生育假設

過去的生育趨勢

4.1 香港的生育水平，在過去二十年明顯持續下降。總和生育率由一九八六年的每千名女性相對 1 367 名活產嬰兒下跌至二零零三年的 901 名，然後溫和回升至二零零六年的 984 名。（表 5）

4.2 生育率的趨勢與以下因素有關：

(一) 遲婚

已婚女性的比例在過去二十年明顯下跌。根據人口普查／中期人口統計的結果，在一九八六年二十五至二十九歲女性人口中已婚女性佔 62%，但二零零六年該比例下跌至 31%。遲婚的趨勢亦可在女性初婚年齡中位數上升中顯示。初婚年齡中位數由一九八六年的 25.3 歲上升至二零零六年的 28.0 歲。遲婚會縮短女性的生育時期。

(二) 女性獨身情況增加

由一九八六年至二零零六年，未婚女性的比例在所有年齡組別都明顯增加。在一九八六年，四十至四十四歲年齡組別的女性人口中未婚女性佔 4%，至二零零六年，這個數字已增至 16%。

(三) 延遲低次活產

八十年代中，由結婚至首次生育的間距中位數約為 19.6 個月。在二零零六年，這個中位數已增至 21.9 個月，即在過去二十年內增加 2 個月。

4. Projection Assumptions

Fertility Assumptions

Past Fertility Trend

4.1 Hong Kong's fertility experienced a marked and continuous decline in the past two decades. The total fertility rate decreased from 1 367 live births per 1 000 women in 1986 to 901 in 2003 and then rebounded mildly to 984 in 2006. (Table 5)

4.2 The fertility trend was associated with the following factors, viz.

(1) Marriage Postponement

The proportion of married women dropped remarkably during the past two decades. According to the results of the population censuses/by-censuses, 62% of women aged 25–29 were married in 1986 whereas the corresponding figure was 31% in 2006. Marriage postponement is further revealed by the increasing median age at first marriage for women, which rose from 25.3 in 1986 to 28.0 in 2006. Marriage postponement for women shortens their childbearing exposure period.

(2) Increased Prevalence of Spinsterhood

There is a significant increase in the proportion of never married women from 1986 to 2006 among all age groups. In 1986, the percentage of never married women in the age group 40–44 was 4%. In 2006, this figure reached 16%.

(3) Postponement of Low-Order Live Births

The median interval between marriage and first live birth was around 19.6 months in the mid 1980s. In 2006, this median interval was 21.9 months, indicating an increase of 2 months during the past 20 years.

(四) 縮減高次活產

第三次及以上的活產百分比由一九八六年的 19% 迅速下降至二零零六年的 9%。即是說，高次活產生育率在過去二十年下跌了 10 個百分點。

(五) 離婚率上升

在過去二十年，粗離婚率由一九八六年按每千人口計算的 0.77 快速上升至二零零六年的 2.54。離婚率的上升亦有助解釋較低的生育率。

(六) 三十至四十九歲的已婚女性生育率上升

三十至四十九歲的已婚女性生育率由二零零一年每千名女性生產 28.4 名嬰兒上升至二零零六年的 30.9 名，這是近年生育率上升的部分原因。

(七) 內地女性在港產子數目上升

近年，內地女性在港產子的數目，由二零零一年的 7 810 名上升至二零零六年的 26 132 名，當中內地女性（而其配偶為香港永久性居民）由二零零一年的 7 190 名上升至二零零六年的 9 438 名，這些嬰兒包括在計算生育率內，這是近年生育率上升的部分原因。（表 4）

(4) *Curtailment of High-Order Live Births*

The percentage of third and higher order live births declined rapidly from 19% in 1986 to 9% in 2006. In other words, the fertility rates in respect of these high-order live births dropped by 10 percentage points in the past 20 years.

(5) *Increased Divorce Rates*

The crude divorce rate increased rapidly over the past 20 years from 0.77 per 1 000 population in 1986 to 2.54 in 2006. The increase in divorce rates also helps explain lower fertility rates.

(6) *Increased marital fertility rates for women aged 30–49*

The marital fertility rates for women aged 30–49 increased from 28.4 per 1 000 women in 2001 to 30.9 in 2006. This partly explains the recent increase in fertility rates.

(7) *Increased births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women*

In recent years, there has been an increase in the number of births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women, from 7 810 in 2001 to 26 132 in 2006. Among them, births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women whose spouses are Hong Kong Permanent Residents increased from 7 190 in 2001 to 9 438 in 2006. These births are included in the calculation of fertility rates. This partly explains the recent increase in fertility rates. (Table 4)

擬定的生育假設

4.3 上述因素會作為預測未來生育趨勢的重要依據。有關考慮可歸納如下：

(一) 結婚的概率推算會維持平穩，導致已婚女性比例在推算年稍微下降。

(二) 三十歲以下已婚女性生育率推算會維持平穩，而三十歲及以上已婚女性生育率推算會稍微上升。

Fertility Assumptions Made

4.3 Future fertility trends are projected in the light of the above factors. Relevant considerations are summarised as follows:

(1) The probability of marrying is projected to remain steady, leading to a moderate decrease in the proportion of married women in the projection years.

(2) The marital fertility rates are projected to remain steady for women aged below 30, while a moderate increase is projected for women aged 30 and over.

(三) 內地女性在香港產子的數目維持在每年 30 000 名。當中 10 000 名是由內地女性(而其配偶為香港永久性居民)所生。

(3) The number of births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women is projected to remain steady at 30 000 per annum. Among them, 10 000 are born to Mainland women whose spouses are Hong Kong Permanent Residents.

生育率的推算

4.4 根據推算，總和生育率推算由二零零六年每千名女性相對 984 個活產嬰兒逐漸下降至二零一六年的 900 個，並在其餘的推算年保持在該水平。（表 5）

4.5 不同年齡組別的年齡別生育率會在推算期間有不同的轉變。年輕組別的年齡別生育率將下跌，而三十五歲及以上的年齡別生育率將稍微上升。（表 5）

4.6 推算所得的年齡別生育率對各出生組群的女性的影響，可從仍未有子女的女性比例及平均生育數字中查證。有關個別出生組群的女性的生育經驗資料列載於表五及表六。在一九六六年出生的女性，其育齡期到目前已差不多完結，當中約 33% 到育齡期末將仍未有子女。在一九八六年出生，而其育齡期幾乎全部在推算期內渡過的女性中，這比例約為 44%。相對地，在一九六六年出生的女性，其平均生育數字為 1.24 名子女。根據推算所得，一九八六年出生的女性其平均生育數字會下跌至 0.94 名子女。現在的女性接受較好的教育及有較高的勞動參與，認同遲婚和小家庭觀念，以至沒有小孩的家庭為時尚，故該數字下降是可能的。

4.7 香港目前的生育水平已低於很多其他低生育率的經濟地區。雖然如此，由於持續有外來人士移入香港，香港的人口仍然保持正增長。（表 8 和表 9）

Projected Fertility Rates

4.4 The TFR is projected to decrease gradually from 984 live births per 1 000 women in 2006 to 900 in 2016 and remain at that level for the rest of the projection period. (Table 5)

4.5 The age specific fertility rates (AFRs) for the different age groups are projected to change differently over the projection period. The projected AFRs for women in the younger age groups would decrease while slight increase in AFRs is projected for women aged 35 and over. (Table 5)

4.6 The implications of the projected AFRs, in terms of the proportion of women remaining childless and the average number of children ever born, are examined for women in different birth cohorts. Data in respect of the fertility experience of a number of these cohorts are presented in Tables 5 and 6. It can be seen that of those women born in 1966, who had almost completed childbearing by now, about 33% would remain childless at the end of their reproductive age. The percentage is projected to be around 44% for those women born in 1986, who would spend most of their reproductive years in the projection period. Corresponding to this, the average number of children ever born to women born in 1966 would be 1.24. This figure is projected to decrease to 0.94 for women born in 1986. Such a decline is conceivable as women now have better education and higher labour participation, and have affirmed the practice of late marriage and a small family, and also family with no kids, as the norm.

4.7 Hong Kong's fertility level is now well below that of many low fertility economies. Nevertheless, because of the continual inflow of persons from outside Hong Kong to the population, the population still maintains a positive growth. (Tables 8 and 9)

表 4 二零零一年至二零零六年內地女性在香港生產的嬰兒數目
Table 4 Births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women, 2001–2006

統計期間 Reference period	活產嬰兒數目 ⁽¹⁾ Number of live births ⁽¹⁾	其中由內地女性在香港所生的活產嬰兒數目: Of which number of live births born in Hong Kong to Mainland women:				小計 Sub-total
		其配偶為 香港永久性居民 whose spouses are Hong Kong Permanent Residents	其配偶為 非香港永久性居民 ⁽²⁾ whose spouses are not Hong Kong Permanent Residents ⁽²⁾	其他 ⁽³⁾ Others ⁽³⁾		
2001	48 219	7 190	620	-	7 810	
2002	48 209	7 256	1 250	-	8 506	
2003	46 965	7 962	2 070	96	10 128	
2004	49 796	8 896	4 102	211	13 209	
2005	57 098	9 879	9 273	386	19 538	
2006	65 626	9 438	16 044	650	26 132	

註釋：(1) 數字是按事件的發生時間計算某統計期間內在香港出生的活產嬰兒總數(即該統計期間內的活產嬰兒)。

(2) 包括香港非永久性居民(來港少於七年的中國人士包括在這類別)及旅客。

(3) 在出生登記時，內地母親並沒有提供嬰兒父親居民身分的資料。

Notes: (1) The figures refer to the total number of live births born in Hong Kong in the reference period counted by the occurrence time of the events (i.e. births actually taking place in that reference period).

(2) Include Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents (Persons from the Mainland having resided in Hong Kong for less than 7 years being grouped in this category) and visitors.

(3) Mainland mothers chose not to provide the father's residential status during birth registration.

表 5 一九八六年至二零三六年的年齡別生育率及總和生育率

Table 5 Age Specific Fertility Rates and Total Fertility Rates, 1986–2036

年份 Year	年齡別生育率 ⁽¹⁾ Age specific fertility rates ⁽¹⁾							總和生育率 ⁽¹⁾ Total fertility rate ⁽¹⁾	
	15–19	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49		
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)									
實數 Actual									
1986	7	49	112	79	27	4	*	1 367	
1991	7	39	97	81	30	5	*	1 281	
1996	6	37	81	79	32	5	*	1 191	
1997	6	34	73	76	32	5	*	1 127	
1998	5	31	65	68	30	5	*	1 016	
1999	5	31	62	65	29	5	*	981	
2000	5	32	65	70	31	5	*	1 032	
2001	4	29	57	62	29	5	*	931	
2002	4	30	59	62	28	4	*	941	
2003	4	29	57	58	27	5	*	901	
2004	4	29	57	61	28	5	*	922	
2005	3	27	58	67	31	5	*	959	
2006	3	25	57	72	35	5	*	984	
推算 Projected									
2011	2	20	47	68	38	6	*	903	
2016	2	19	43	67	42	7	*	900	
2021	2	19	43	67	42	7	*	900	
2026	2	19	43	67	42	7	*	900	
2031	2	19	43	67	42	7	*	900	
2036	2	19	43	67	42	7	*	900	

註釋：(1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

Note: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

表 6 按母親出生年份及年齡劃分的最少有一名子女的女性百分比**Table 6 Percentage of Women with at Least One Child by Mother's Year of Birth and Age**

母親出生年份 Mother's year of birth	年齡 Age						
	十五至未滿 二十歲 15 to before attaining 20	十五至未滿 二十五歲 15 to before attaining 25	十五至未滿 三十歲 15 to before attaining 30	十五至未滿 三十五歲 15 to before attaining 35	十五至未滿 四十歲 15 to before attaining 40	十五至未滿 四十五歲 15 to before attaining 45	十五至未滿 五十歲 15 to before attaining 50
1946	12.4	55.9	87.8	95.3	97.2	97.4	97.4
1951	7.1	43.8	77.5	87.7	90.3	90.7	90.7
1956	7.5	37.4	68.3	79.8	82.9	83.4	83.4 (1)
1961	5.8	29.2	57.3	72.6	77.0	77.7	77.7
1966	3.5	17.4	44.0	60.9	66.0	66.8	66.9
1971	2.7	20.0	40.1	55.2	62.3	63.4	63.5
1976	2.8	14.6	32.1	51.9	61.2	62.6	62.7
1981	2.2	13.5	29.3	48.8	58.9	60.2	60.3
1986	1.7	10.7	24.7	44.4	54.2	55.5	55.6
1991	1.1	8.5	21.9	41.1	50.8	52.1	
1996	1.0	8.5	22.0	41.3	50.9		
2001	1.1	9.5	23.6	43.2			
2006	1.1	9.4	23.4				
2011	1.0	9.0					
2016	1.0						

註釋：(1) 虛線以下的數字是根據推算數字計算。

Note: (1) Figures below the broken line are based on projections.

表 7 按母親出生年份及年齡劃分的平均生育數字

Table 7 Average Number of Children Ever Born by Mother's Year of Birth and Age

母親出生年份 Mother's year of birth	年齡 Age						
	十五至未滿 二十歲 15 to before attaining 20	十五至未滿 二十五歲 15 to before attaining 25	十五至未滿 三十歲 15 to before attaining 30	十五至未滿 三十五歲 15 to before attaining 35	十五至未滿 四十歲 15 to before attaining 40	十五至未滿 四十五歲 15 to before attaining 45	十五至未滿 五十歲 15 to before attaining 50
1946	0.20	1.20	2.36	2.86	3.00	3.02	3.02
1951	0.09	0.75	1.64	2.09	2.22	2.24	2.24
1956	0.09	0.58	1.28	1.68	1.84	1.86	1.86 (1)
1961	0.07	0.42	0.97	1.38	1.54	1.56	1.56
1966	0.04	0.23	0.69	1.06	1.21	1.23	1.24
1971	0.03	0.26	0.60	0.90	1.08	1.11	1.11
1976	0.03	0.19	0.48	0.85	1.05	1.09	1.09
1981	0.03	0.17	0.42	0.75	0.96	1.00	1.00
1986	0.02	0.13	0.36	0.69	0.90	0.93	0.94
1991	0.01	0.11	0.32	0.66	0.86	0.90	
1996	0.01	0.11	0.32	0.66	0.86		
2001	0.01	0.11	0.32	0.66			
2006	0.01	0.11	0.32				
2011	0.01	0.11					
2016	0.01						

註釋：(1) 虛線以下的數字是根據推算數字計算。

Note: (1) Figures below the broken line are based on projections.

表 8 一九八六年至二零零六年香港及選定經濟地區的總和生育率

Table 8 Total Fertility Rates of Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 1986–2006

經濟地區 Economy	1986	1991	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)													
香港 ⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong ⁽¹⁾	1 367	1 281	1 191	1 127	1 016	981	1 032	931	941	901	922	959	984
新加坡 Singapore	1 430	1 730	1 660	1 610	1 480	1 470	1 600	1 410	1 370	1 260	1 250	1 250	1 260
日本 Japan	1 720	1 530	1 430	1 390	1 380	1 340	1 360	1 330	1 320	1 290	1 290	1 260	-
瑞典 Sweden	1 790	2 120	1 610	1 530	1 510	1 500	1 550	1 570	1 650	1 720	1 760	1 770	1 850
挪威 Norway	1 710	1 920	1 890	1 860	1 810	1 850	1 850	1 780	1 750	1 800	1 830	1 840	1 900
荷蘭 Netherlands	1 550	1 610	1 530	1 560	1 630	1 650	1 720	1 710	1 730	1 750	1 730	1 710	1 720
澳洲 Australia	1 870	1 850	1 800	1 780	1 760	1 760	1 760	1 730	1 760	1 750	1 770	1 810	-
丹麥 Denmark	1 480	1 680	1 750	1 750	1 720	1 740	1 770	1 750	1 720	1 760	1 780	1 800	1 850
法國 France	-	-	1 750	1 740	1 780	1 810	1 890	1 890	1 880	1 890	1 920	1 940	2 000 [#]
英國 U.K.	1 780	1 820	1 730	1 720	1 720	1 680	1 640	1 630	1 640	1 710	1 770	1 790	-
德國 ⁽²⁾ Germany ⁽²⁾	1 410	1 330	1 320	1 370	1 360	1 360	1 380	1 350	1 310	1 340	1 370	1 340	-
美國 U.S.A.	1 840	2 060	1 980	1 970	2 000	2 010	2 060	2 030	2 010	2 040	2 050	-	-

註釋：(1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

(2) 東德與西德在一九九零年十月合併為一個國家。

Notes: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

(2) German Democratic Republic (East Germany) and the Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany) united to form one State in October 1990.

表 9 二零零六年至二零三六年香港及選定經濟地區的推算總和生育率

Table 9 Projected Total Fertility Rates of Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 2006–2036

經濟地區 Economy	2006	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
(每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目) (Number of live births per 1 000 women)							
香港 ⁽¹⁾ Hong Kong ⁽¹⁾	984 ⁽³⁾	903	900	900	900	900	900
日本 Japan	1 310	1 320	1 360	1 380	1 380	1 380	1 390
瑞典 Sweden	1 850 ⁽³⁾	1 850	1 850	1 850	1 850	1 850	1 850
澳洲 Australia	1 770	1 740	1 720	1 700	1 700	1 700	1 700
英國 U.K.	1 760	1 730	1 730	1 740	1 740	1 740	1 740
美國 ⁽²⁾ U.S.A ⁽²⁾	2 100	2 130	2 160	2 190	2 210	2 210	2 210

註釋：(1) 本刊物採用及列出的生育率，均是用沒有包括女性外籍家庭傭工的人口作分母編製。

(2) 數字來自一九九九年至二零零年人口推算數列所採用的中間生育假設。

(3) 實際數字。

Notes: (1) All the fertility rates used and presented here have been compiled using a population denominator which has excluded female foreign domestic helpers.

(2) Figures extracted from the middle fertility assumption of the population projection series 1999–2100.

(3) Actual figure.

死亡假設

過去的死亡趨勢

4.8 香港在一九八六年至二零零六年間的死亡率持續下降，導致平均預期壽命上升。在二零零六年，男性的出生時平均預期壽命（臨時數字）為 79.5 年，而女性的則為 85.6 年。（表 13）

4.9 在一九八六年至二零零六年間，初生嬰兒的死亡率的改善最為顯著，男性及女性的死亡率（臨時數字）分別下跌 64% 及 65%。另一方面，老年人的死亡率下跌幅度最少。（表 10）

擬定的死亡假設

4.10 促使死亡率在過去二十年持續下降的原因很多。現在社會較以前生活豐裕，市民在接受更多教育後更加注重健康。但死亡情況的進一步改善有賴人們對環境保護、吸煙、均衡飲食及健體的注重程度。

4.11 預期男、女性的死亡情況會不斷改善並持續過去死亡率的下降趨勢。但死亡率的下跌步伐將減慢。改善情況將大部分集中在年青的年齡組別。

死亡率的推算

4.12 根據推算所得，年齡性別死亡率將會下降，初生嬰兒的女性死亡率在三十年的推算期內的最大跌幅達 60%。（表 11 和表 12）

Mortality Assumptions

Past Mortality Trend

4.8 Hong Kong has experienced a continuous decline in mortality during 1986–2006, leading to an increase in life expectancy. In 2006, the expectation of life at birth (provisional) was 79.5 years for males and 85.6 years for females. (Table 13)

4.9 During 1986–2006, the greatest improvement in mortality was amongst infants with the mortality rates (provisional) dropped by 64% and 65% for males and females respectively. On the other hand, the decrease in mortality rates for older persons is only minimal. (Table 10)

Mortality Assumptions Made

4.10 Many factors contributed to the continuous decline in mortality over the past two decades. The society has become more affluent, and people are better educated and more health conscious. Further improvement in mortality will depend on people's awareness to environment protection, smoking hazards, balanced diets and physical fitness.

4.11 Gradual continuation of past trends is assumed for both sexes with a slower pace of mortality decline. Improvement would concentrate at the younger age groups.

Projected Mortality Rates

4.12 The projected age-sex specific mortality rate will decline. Female infants show all reduction by 60% over the 30-year projection period. (Tables 11 and 12)

4.13 年齡性別死亡率的下降，引致平均預期壽命於二零零六年至二零三六年期間進一步上升。根據推算，在未來三十年男性的出生時平均預期壽命會增加 3.2 年及女性的出生時平均預期壽命會增加 2.7 年，男、女性出生時平均預期壽命的差距會比較穩定，停留在 5.6 年左右。（表 13）

4.14 與其他經濟地區比較，香港的死亡率正處於一個甚低的水平。男、女性的出生時平均預期壽命已接近其他低死亡率經濟地區如日本。醫學上的突破及社會、經濟上的發展將會令死亡率再下降，但其下跌幅度會比較小。日本、美國及英國近期的人口推算均假設了死亡率繼續下降。以上的假設亦已包含在這推算內。以出生時平均預期壽命而言，這推算的結果亦與這些經濟地區所推算得的結果相似。（表 14 和表 15）

4.13 The reduction in age-sex specific mortality rates would lead to a further rise in life expectancy from 2006 to 2036. Over the next 30 years, the expectation of life at birth is expected to increase by 3.2 years for males and 2.7 for females. The difference in expectation of life at birth between males and females would remain relatively constant at around 5.6 years. (Table 13)

4.14 Compared with other economies, Hong Kong enjoys a very low mortality. The expectations of life at birth for both sexes are close to those low mortality economies like Japan. Further medical advancement and socio-economic development would lead to further decline in mortality, though the decline would be smaller. Continuous decline in mortality is assumed in the latest population projections of Japan, U.S.A. and U.K. This is also assumed in this projection and the results, in terms of the expectation of life at birth, are similar to those projected by these economies. (Tables 14 and 15)

表 10 一九八六年至二零零六年的年齡性別死亡率
Table 10 Age-sex Specific Mortality Rates, 1986–2006

年齡組別 Age group	死亡率 Mortality rate					比率指數 ⁽¹⁾ Index of rate ⁽¹⁾				
	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006 [#]	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006 [#]
(每千人的死亡人數) (Number of deaths per 1 000 population)										
男性 Male										
0	7.5	6.2	4.3	2.9	2.7	100	82	57	38	37
1–4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	100	77	73	77	70
5–9	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	68	66	70	72
10–14	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	90	63	52	50
15–19	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	100	106	122	75	55
20–24	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	100	103	117	87	65
25–29	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	100	131	128	146	116
30–34	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	100	94	86	81	75
35–39	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	100	95	80	73	72
40–44	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.4	100	92	78	65	59
45–49	3.6	3.4	2.6	2.7	2.0	100	95	72	76	56
50–54	6.7	5.7	4.6	3.9	3.6	100	86	69	59	54
55–59	10.3	8.9	8.0	7.0	5.6	100	87	78	68	54
60–64	17.2	15.4	12.8	10.3	9.7	100	89	74	60	56
65–69	27.4	23.6	21.9	18.0	15.2	100	86	80	66	56
70–74	42.1	39.7	33.7	30.0	26.3	100	94	80	71	62
75–79	65.6	60.8	52.8	48.4	43.4	100	93	81	74	66
80–84	87.6	90.6	89.7	76.9	74.3	100	103	102	88	85
85+	133.7	126.6	127.2	128.8	127.8	100	95	95	96	96
女性 Female										
0	7.1	6.8	3.5	2.4	2.5	100	95	49	34	36
1–4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	77	51	48	44
5–9	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	78	66	38	48
10–14	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	100	83	72	50	52
15–19	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	100	83	84	52	51
20–24	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	100	114	113	75	56
25–29	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	100	96	83	81	63
30–34	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	100	84	76	62	75
35–39	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	100	79	78	68	65
40–44	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	100	93	85	77	67
45–49	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.2	100	89	74	67	63
50–54	3.6	2.9	2.1	1.8	2.0	100	80	58	52	56
55–59	5.2	4.5	3.6	2.8	2.7	100	88	69	55	52
60–64	8.6	7.3	5.9	4.8	4.3	100	85	68	56	49
65–69	14.7	13.2	10.6	9.3	6.9	100	90	72	63	47
70–74	23.8	23.1	18.2	15.5	12.9	100	97	76	65	54
75–79	40.5	38.2	32.8	26.8	23.4	100	95	81	66	58
80–84	52.3	62.5	58.3	46.1	42.2	100	119	112	88	81
85+	109.2	113.5	110.4	101.9	96.3	100	104	101	93	88

註釋：(1) 比率指數是以未進位的數字計算，並以一九八六年的死亡率為基準 (100)。

Note: (1) Index of rate is computed on unrounded figures with the rate for 1986 as the base (100).

表 11 二零零六年至二零三六年的推算年齡性別死亡率

Table 11 Projected Age-sex Specific Mortality Rates, 2006–2036

年齡組別 Age group	死亡率 Mortality rate							比率指數 ⁽¹⁾ Index of rate ⁽¹⁾						
	2006 [#]	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2006 [#]	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
(每千人的死亡人數) (Number of deaths per 1 000 population)														
男性 Male														
0	2.7	2.6	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	100	93	81	73	65	60	55
1–4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	56	52	49	46	44	41
5–9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	48	43	40	37	35	32
10–14	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	78	73	69	65	62	60
15–19	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	115	107	100	95	90	86
20–24	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	100	106	102	99	97	95	93
25–29	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	100	80	78	76	75	73	72
30–34	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	100	104	99	94	90	87	85
35–39	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	100	101	94	88	83	80	76
40–44	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	100	95	87	80	75	71	67
45–49	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	100	98	88	81	75	71	66
50–54	3.6	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.2	100	90	82	76	70	66	62
55–59	5.6	5.5	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.9	100	98	90	84	79	75	71
60–64	9.7	9.0	8.2	7.5	7.0	6.6	6.2	100	93	84	78	72	68	64
65–69	15.2	14.4	12.6	11.3	10.2	9.4	8.7	100	95	83	75	67	62	57
70–74	26.3	24.9	22.2	20.3	18.6	17.3	16.1	100	95	85	77	71	66	61
75–79	43.4	44.6	41.1	38.4	36.0	34.3	32.6	100	103	95	88	83	79	75
80–84	74.3	76.2	72.1	68.8	65.8	63.5	61.3	100	103	97	93	89	85	83
85+	127.8	118.8	118.4	118.0	117.6	117.2	116.9	100	93	93	92	92	91	
女性 Female														
0	2.5	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0	100	72	62	55	49	44	40
1–4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	61	54	49	45	41	38
5–9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	52	46	42	38	35	33
10–14	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	45	40	37	34	32	30
15–19	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	85	78	72	67	63	60
20–24	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	128	119	112	105	101	96
25–29	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	100	116	107	100	94	89	85
30–34	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	100	83	76	70	65	61	58
35–39	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	100	88	81	75	70	66	63
40–44	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	100	90	83	78	73	70	66
45–49	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	100	93	85	79	74	70	66
50–54	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	100	83	75	69	64	60	57
55–59	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	100	92	83	76	69	65	61
60–64	4.3	3.8	3.4	3.0	2.7	2.5	2.3	100	90	79	71	64	59	55
65–69	6.9	6.4	5.6	5.0	4.5	4.1	3.8	100	94	82	73	65	60	55
70–74	12.9	12.4	11.1	10.1	9.3	8.6	8.0	100	96	86	78	72	67	62
75–79	23.4	23.8	21.7	20.1	18.7	17.7	16.7	100	102	93	86	80	76	71
80–84	42.2	45.1	41.9	39.4	37.1	35.5	33.8	100	107	99	93	88	84	80
85+	96.3	108.5	106.8	105.4	103.9	102.7	101.5	100	113	111	109	108	107	105

註釋：(1) 比率指數是以未進位的數字計算，並以二零零六年為基準 (100)。

Note: (1) Index of rate is computed on unrounded figures with the rate for 2006 as the base (100).

表 12 一九八六年至二零三六年按年齡組別劃分的男性死亡偏高比率
Table 12 Excess Male Mortality Ratio by Age Group, 1986–2036

年齡組別 Age group	實數 Actual					推算 Projected					
	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006 [#]	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
0	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
1–4	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5
5–9	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
10–14	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9
15–19	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9
20–24	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
25–29	1.6	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5
30–34	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6
35–39	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
40–44	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7
45–49	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
50–54	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
55–59	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4
60–64	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
65–69	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
70–74	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
75–79	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
80–84	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
85+	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2

表 13 一九八六年至二零三六年選定年齡的男女平均預期壽命
Table 13 Expectation of Life at Selected Ages by Sex, 1986–2036

年齡 Age	實數 Actual					推算 Projected					增長 (按年數計) <i>Increase (in number of years)</i>	
	1986	1991	1996	2001	2006 [#]	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2006– 2036
男性 Male												
0	74.1	75.2	76.7	78.4	79.5	79.8	80.6	81.3	81.9	82.3	82.7	3.2
20	55.0	56.0	57.4	58.8	59.9	60.2	61.0	61.6	62.1	62.6	63.0	3.1
40	35.7	36.7	38.2	39.6	40.6	40.8	41.6	42.2	42.7	43.1	43.6	3.0
60	18.5	19.3	20.4	21.7	22.4	22.5	23.2	23.7	24.2	24.5	24.9	2.5
80	6.6	7.0	7.6	8.4	8.5	8.4	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.1	9.2	0.7
女性 Female												
0	79.4	80.7	82.7	84.6	85.6	85.6	86.3	86.9	87.4	87.9	88.3	2.7
20	60.4	61.5	63.2	65.0	66.0	65.8	66.5	67.1	67.6	68.1	68.4	2.4
40	40.9	41.9	43.7	45.4	46.3	46.2	46.9	47.4	47.9	48.3	48.7	3.4
60	22.6	23.4	24.9	26.6	27.5	27.2	27.8	28.3	28.8	29.1	29.5	2.0
80	8.3	8.9	9.8	11.0	11.4	10.8	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.8	12.1	0.7
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)												
0	5.3	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.6	..
20	5.4	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.1	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	..
40	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	..
60	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.1	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	..
80	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.9	..

表 14 一九八六年至二零零六年香港及選定經濟地區的出生時平均預期壽命

Table 14 Expectation of Life at Birth for Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 1986–2006

經濟地區 Economy		1986	1991	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
男性 Male														
香港	Hong Kong	74.1	75.2	76.7	77.2	77.4	77.7	78.0	78.4	78.5	78.5	79.0	78.8	79.5 [#]
新加坡	Singapore	72.1	73.5	74.4	74.8	75.3	75.6	76.0	76.3	76.6	76.9	77.3	77.7	78.0
日本	Japan	75.2	76.1	77.0	77.2	77.2	77.1	77.7	78.1	78.3	78.4	78.6	78.5	-
瑞典	Sweden	74.0	74.9	76.5	76.7	76.9	77.1	77.4	77.5	77.7	77.9	78.4	78.4	78.7
挪威	Norway	72.9	74.0	75.4	75.5	75.5	75.6	76.0	76.2	76.5	77.0	77.5	77.7	78.1
荷蘭	Netherlands	73.1	74.0	74.7	75.2	75.2	75.3	75.5	75.8	76.0	76.2	76.9	77.2	77.6
澳洲	Australia	72.8	74.4	75.2	75.7	75.9	76.2	76.6	77.0	77.4	77.8	78.1	78.5	-
丹麥	Denmark	71.6	72.2	72.9	73.3	73.7	74.0	74.3	74.5	74.7	74.9	75.2	75.6	75.9
法國	France	71.5	72.9	74.1	74.5	74.7	74.9	75.3	75.4	75.7	75.8	76.7	76.7	-
英國	U.K.	71.9	73.2	74.3	74.3	74.8	75.0	75.4	75.7	75.9	76.3	76.3	76.9	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	71.3	72.2	73.6	74.0	74.5	74.7	75.0	75.5	75.4	75.7	75.7	76.2	-
美國	U.S.A.	71.2	72.0	73.1	73.6	73.8	73.9	74.3	74.4	74.5	74.8	75.2 [#]	-	-
女性 Female														
香港	Hong Kong	79.4	80.7	82.7	83.2	83.0	83.2	83.9	84.6	84.5	84.4	84.8	84.6	85.6 [#]
新加坡	Singapore	76.5	77.9	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.6	80.0	80.3	80.6	80.9	81.3	81.5	81.8
日本	Japan	80.9	82.1	83.6	83.8	84.0	84.0	84.6	84.9	85.2	85.3	85.6	85.5	-
瑞典	Sweden	80.0	80.5	81.5	81.8	81.9	81.9	82.0	82.1	82.1	82.4	82.7	82.8	82.9
挪威	Norway	79.7	80.1	81.1	81.0	81.3	81.1	81.4	81.5	81.5	81.9	82.3	82.5	82.7
荷蘭	Netherlands	79.6	80.2	80.4	80.6	80.7	80.4	80.6	80.7	80.7	80.9	81.4	81.6	81.9
澳洲	Australia	79.1	80.3	81.1	81.4	81.5	81.8	82.0	82.4	82.6	82.8	83.0	83.3	-
丹麥	Denmark	77.5	77.8	78.0	78.4	78.7	78.8	79.0	79.2	79.2	79.5	79.9	80.2	80.4
法國	France	79.7	81.2	82.0	82.3	82.4	82.5	82.8	82.9	83.0	82.9	83.8	83.7	-
英國	U.K.	77.7	78.7	79.4	79.6	79.7	79.9	80.2	80.4	80.5	80.7	81.0	81.1	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	77.7	78.7	79.9	80.3	80.6	80.7	81.0	81.3	81.2	81.4	81.4	81.8	-
美國	U.S.A.	78.2	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.5	79.4	79.7	79.8	79.9	80.1	80.4 [#]	-	-
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)														
香港	Hong Kong	5.3	5.5	6.0	6.0	5.6	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.1 [#]
新加坡	Singapore	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8
日本	Japan	5.7	6.0	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	-
瑞典	Sweden	6.0	5.6	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2
挪威	Norway	6.8	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.6
荷蘭	Netherlands	6.5	6.2	5.7	5.4	5.5	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3
澳洲	Australia	6.3	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.8	-
丹麥	Denmark	5.9	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5
法國	France	8.2	8.3	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.0	-
英國	U.K.	5.8	5.5	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.7	4.2	-
德國 ⁽¹⁾	Germany ⁽¹⁾	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.6	-
美國	U.S.A.	7.0	6.9	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2 [#]	-	-

註釋：(1) 東德與西德在一九九零年十月合併為一個國家。

Note: (1) German Democratic Republic (East Germany) and the Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany) united to form one State in October 1990.

表 15 二零零六年至二零三六年香港及選定經濟地區的推算出生時平均預期壽命
Table 15 Projected Expectation of Life at Birth for Hong Kong and Selected Economies, 2006–2036

經濟地區 Economy	2006	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
男性 Male							
香港 Hong Kong	79.5 [#]	79.8	80.6	81.3	81.9	82.3	82.7
日本 Japan	78.2	78.7	79.1	79.5	79.8	80.1	80.4
瑞典 Sweden	78.7 ⁽²⁾	79.6	80.4	81.1	81.7	82.2	82.8
澳洲 Australia	79.2	80.7	81.7	82.4	82.9	-	-
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	-	75.6 (2010)	76.2 (2015)	76.9 (2020)	77.6 (2025)	78.3 (2030)	79.1 (2035)
英國 U.K.	77.2	78.5	79.4	80.2	80.8	81.4	81.9
女性 Female							
香港 Hong Kong	85.6 [#]	85.6	86.3	86.9	87.4	87.9	88.3
日本 Japan	85.4	86.0	86.6	87.2	87.6	88.0	88.4
瑞典 Sweden	82.9 ⁽²⁾	83.5	84.0	84.5	84.9	85.3	85.6
澳洲 Australia	83.9	84.1	85.9	86.4	86.8	-	-
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	-	81.4 (2010)	82.2 (2015)	82.9 (2020)	83.6 (2025)	84.2 (2030)	84.8 (2035)
英國 U.K.	81.3	82.2	83.1	83.9	84.5	85.0	85.5
差距 (女性 – 男性) Difference (Female – Male)							
香港 Hong Kong	6.1 [#]	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.6
日本 Japan	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.8	7.9	8.0
瑞典 Sweden	4.2 ⁽²⁾	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.8
澳洲 Australia	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.9	-	-
美國 ⁽¹⁾ U.S.A. ⁽¹⁾	-	5.8 (2010)	6.0 (2015)	6.0 (2020)	6.0 (2025)	5.9 (2030)	5.7 (2035)
英國 U.K.	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6

註釋：括弧內的數字為該推算出生時平均預期壽命的年份。

Notes: Figures in brackets refer to the years of the projected expectation of life at birth.

(1) 數字來自一九九九年至二零零年人口推算數列所採用的中間死亡假設。

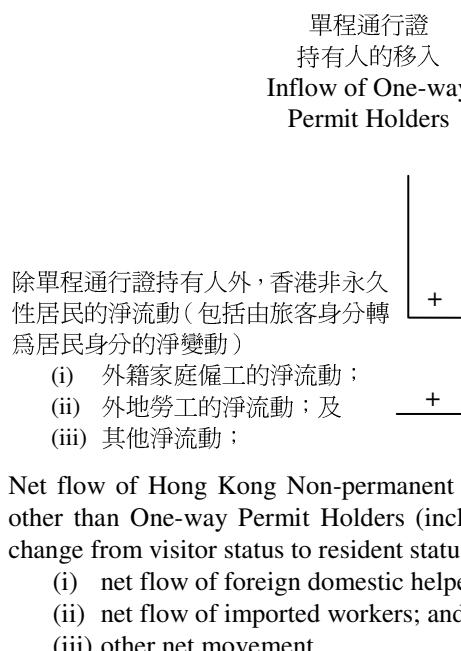
(1) Figures extracted from the middle mortality assumption of the population projection series 1999–2100.

(2) 實際數字。

(2) Actual figure.

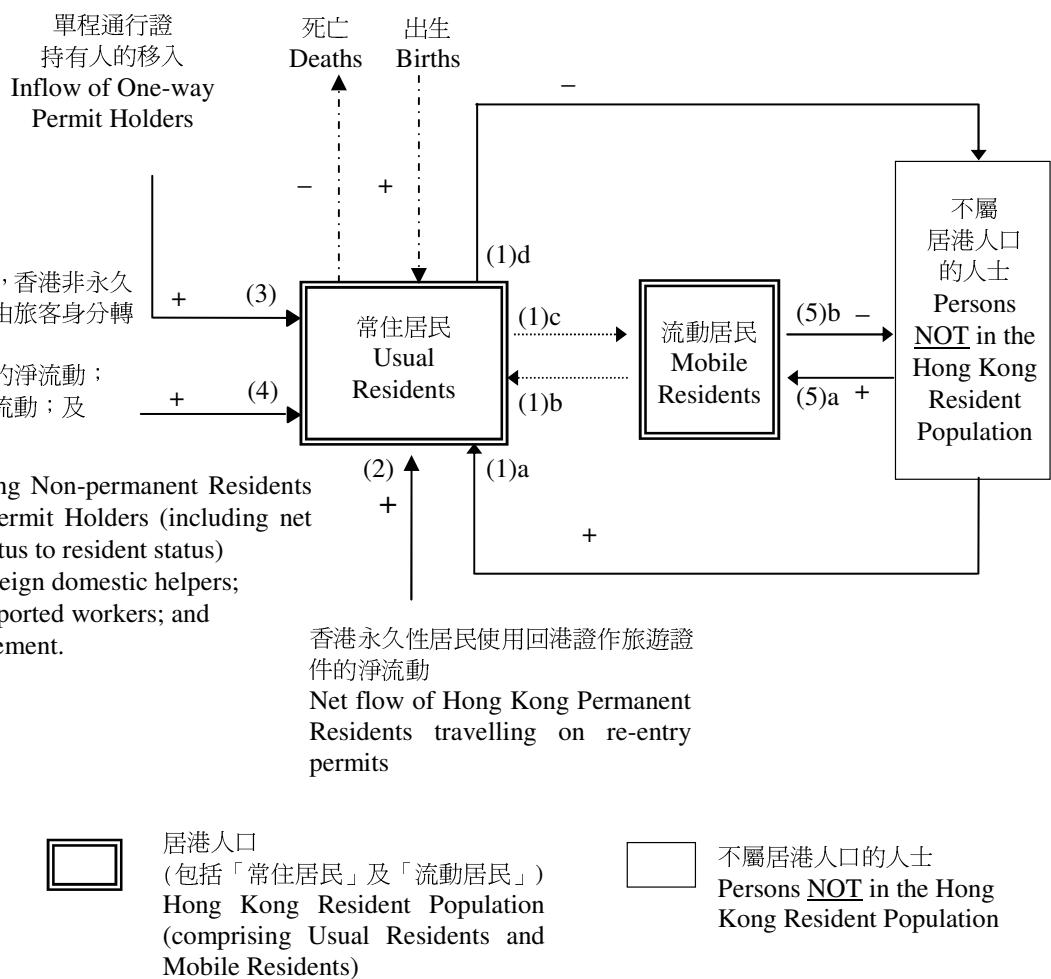
人口遷移假設

4.15 下圖顯示香港居民遷移的流向。



Movement Assumptions

4.15 The following schema shows the movements of Hong Kong residents.



註釋：括弧內的數目相對其後段落所闡釋的淨遷移組成部分
Notes: The numbers in brackets are in correspondence with the net movement components described in the ensuing paragraphs.

- (1) = 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動
Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category
= (1)a + (1)b - (1)c - (1)d
- (5) = 「流動居民」的淨流動
Net flow of Mobile Residents
= (1)c - (1)b + (5)a - (5)b

4.16 五個淨流動的組成部分的假設如下：

- (一) 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動；
- (二) 香港永久性居民使用回港證作旅遊證件的淨流動；
- (三) 單程通行證持有人的移入；
- (四) 除單程通行證持有人外，香港非永久性居民的淨流動（包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分人士數目的淨變動）；及
- (五) 「流動居民」的淨流動。

這些組成部分的過去及推算數字載列於表 16 內。

(一) 香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別的淨流動

4.17 每年都有相當數目的人士遷移到中國內地居住或以移民簽證到海外定居。由於當中一些人士大部分時間會繼續在香港逗留，他們仍然是「常住居民」。另一些人士逗留在香港的時間較少，但仍可符合被界定為「流動居民」。其他定居於香港以外的人士便會視為已經脫離了「居港人口」。相反，亦有人重新投入「居港人口」成為「流動居民」或「常住居民」。與此同時，亦有一些人士從「流動居民」轉變為「常住居民」或從「常住居民」轉變為「流動居民」。

4.18 此外，亦有學生或其他人士因為就業等原因，從一個統計時點到另一個統計時點在「常住居民」、「流動居民」和不屬「居港人口」的人士這些類別之間穿梭。

4.16 The following are separate assumptions made in respect of the five components of net movement:

- (1) Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents (HKPRs) into the Usual Residents category;
- (2) Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents travelling on re-entry permits.
- (3) Inflow of One-way Permit Holders;
- (4) Net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents (HKNPRs) other than One-way Permit Holders (including net change in number of persons from visitor status to resident status); and
- (5) Net flow of Mobile Residents.

The past and projected data of these components are shown in Table 16.

(1) *Net Flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents (HKPRs) into the Usual Residents Category*

4.17 Each year there are a number of persons who move to reside in the Mainland or in overseas countries with immigrant visas. Some of these persons continue to stay for much of their time in Hong Kong such that they remain as Usual Residents. Some others spend less time in Hong Kong but still meet the criteria of being Mobile Residents. Yet others would have indeed settled outside Hong Kong and could be considered as having left the Hong Kong Resident Population. Conversely, there are persons who re-join the Hong Kong Resident Population, as Mobile Residents or Usual Residents. Meanwhile, there are Mobile Residents changing over to the Usual Residents category or vice versa.

4.18 Besides, there are other persons who flow among the categories of Usual Residents, Mobile Residents and persons not in the Hong Kong Resident Population from one reference time-point to another, being students, persons on employment purposes and so on.

4.19 二零零一年年中至二零零六年年中香港永久性居民進入「常住居民」類別錄得淨流出。預期每年的淨流出從二零零六年的 29 000 下降至十年後的 27 000，此後維持在 21 000。

(二) 香港永久性居民使用回港證作旅遊證件的淨流動

4.20 因為十一歲以下的兒童不能使用香港身份證進入中國內地及澳門，他們多數使用回港證。而成年人如果遺失了香港身份證，在等候補發期間亦可使用回港證。因為內地女性在港產子期間的數目有上升的趨勢，而且他們多數帶同所生子女返回內地生活，預期零歲嬰兒會有淨流出。

4.21 根據我們在出生登記處所進行「內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒統計調查」的結果，推算假設其配偶為香港永久性居民的內地婦女所生的嬰兒（簡稱為第一類嬰兒）約 65% 會留居在港，其餘的 35% 會在未滿一歲前離開香港，但當中的 90% 將會在二十一歲前返回香港居住。至於由其配偶並非香港永久性居民的內地婦女所生的嬰兒（簡稱為第二類嬰兒），推算假設約 9% 會留居在港。其餘的 91% 會在未滿一歲前離開香港，而當中的 58% 將會在二十一歲前返回香港居住。

4.22 根據過往本地居民的遷移趨勢和上述統計調查得出內地女性在港所生的嬰兒的遷移意向，預期這組成部分每年的淨流出會由二零零六年年中至二零零七年年中的 23 700 減少至二零三五年年中至二零三六年年中的 13 600。

4.19 A net outflow for the component “net flow of HKPRs into the Usual Residents category” was recorded from mid-2001 to mid-2006. It is anticipated that the annual net outflow would decrease from 29 000 to 27 000 in ten years’ time and remain at 21 000 thereafter.

(2) *Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents travelling on re-entry permits*

4.20 Since children aged under 11 cannot travel to the Mainland or Macao using Hong Kong Identity Card, most will travel on re-entry permits. Adults can also travel on re-entry permits if they have lost their Hong Kong Identity Cards and are awaiting replacements. As the number of babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women has been increasing, it is expected that there will be a net outflow of persons aged 0 as many of these women will take their babies back to the Mainland for living during their early years.

4.21 Based on the results of the “Survey on babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women” conducted at the Birth Registries in early 2007, it is projected that of babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women whose spouses are Hong Kong Permanent Residents (referred as Type I babies hereafter) about 65% would stay in Hong Kong. The other 35% will leave Hong Kong within the first year of their birth. Among them, 90% will return to Hong Kong before the age of 21. For babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women whose spouses are not Hong Kong Permanent Residents (referred as Type II babies hereafter), it is projected that about 9% would stay in Hong Kong. The other 91% will leave Hong Kong within the first year of their birth. Among them, 58% will return to Hong Kong before the age of 21.

4.22 Taking into account historical trends of the movements made by local residents and the intended movements of babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women from the above survey findings, it is anticipated that the annual net outflow arising from this component will reduce from 23 700 in mid-2006 – mid-2007 to 13 600 in mid-2035 – mid-2036.

4.23 附錄乙描述「內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒統計調查」的方法。

(三) 單程通行證持有人的移入

4.24 這個組成部分的假設是根據中國內地和香港的共同協議。自一九九五年七月一日起，持單程證從中國內地到港的人士的名額為每日 150 人，即每年 54 750 名。

(四) 除單程通行證持有人外，香港非永久性居民的淨流動（包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分的淨變動）

總體淨流動

4.25 這個組成部分包括因為就業、求學或家庭理由來港的香港非永久性居民，以及外籍家庭傭工及外地勞工。隨著香港繼續發展為一個國際城市，預期淨流入會持續。二零零六年中至二零一七年年中的推算為每年淨流入 13 500，及後每年為 16 500。

4.26 要注意有些在這個組成部分內的人士稍後在留港期間可能會由香港非永久性居民轉變為香港永久性居民。若這類人士後來不再是香港的常住居民，有關的流動將視為在「香港永久性居民進入常住居民類別的淨流動」組成部分的流出。

外籍家庭傭工的淨流動

4.27 根據過往的趨勢及現行政策的延續，外籍家庭傭工類別推算將續有增加。外籍家庭傭工的每年增長假設為 4 600。

4.23 Appendix B gives a broad description on the method of the “Survey on babes born in Hong Kong to Mainland women”.

(3) *Inflow of One-way Permit Holders*

4.24 The assumption for this component is based on the mutual agreement between the mainland of China and Hong Kong. Since 1 July 1995, the quota for new arrivals on One-way Exit Permit is 150 per day, or 54 750 per year.

(4) *Net Flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents other than One-way Permit Holders (Including Net Change from Visitor Status to Resident Status)*

Overall Net Movement

4.25 This component includes Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who have entered Hong Kong for employment, study or family reasons as well as foreign domestic helpers and imported workers. It is expected the net inflow would be sustained, along with the continued development of Hong Kong as an international city. A net inflow of 13 500 per annum is projected for mid-2006 to mid-2017 and 16 500 per annum thereafter.

4.26 It should be noted that some persons in this component may later on change their status from Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents to Hong Kong Permanent Residents during their stay in Hong Kong. If these persons subsequently cease to be Usual Residents of Hong Kong, such movement will be treated as an outflow in the component “net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category”.

Net Flow of Foreign Domestic Helpers

4.27 Based on the historical trend and the continuation of the present policies, the number of foreign domestic helpers is projected to increase. The annual increase in foreign domestic helpers is assumed to be 4 600.

外地勞工的淨流動

4.28 根據過往的趨勢、基建工程的需求及現行政策的延續，外地勞工數目自二零零六年以後會穩定下來。

Net Flow of Imported Workers

4.28 Based on the historical trend, requirements for infrastructural projects and the continuation of the present policies, the number of imported workers under the Supplementary Labour Scheme would remain stable after 2006.

(五) 「流動居民」的淨流動

4.29 鑑於未來與中國內地關係更趨緊密，「流動居民」中的淨流動推算在二零零六年年中至二零零七年年中的淨流入為 5 400。在未來數年這淨流入平穩上升至二零一七年的 7 300，此後維持在這水平。

(5) *Net flow of Mobile Residents*

4.29 In view of the closer link with the mainland of China in the future, the net flow of Mobile Residents is projected to be an inflow of 5 400 per annum for mid-2006–mid-2007. The net inflow is projected to increase steadily in the ensuing years, to 7 300 by 2017 and remain at the same level thereafter.

表 16 二零零一年至二零三六年按組成部分劃分的人口遷移假設
Table 16 Movement Assumptions by Component, 2001–2036

統計時點 (年中)	香港永久性居民 進入「常住居民」 類別的淨流動	香港永久性居民使用 回港證作旅遊證件的 淨流動	單程通行證持有人的移入	除單程通行證持有人 外，香港非永久性 居民的淨流動**	「流動居民」 的淨流動	淨遷移 (移入減移出)
	Reference time-point (Mid-year)	Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category	Net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents travelling on re-entry permits	Inflow of One-way Permit Holders	Net flow of Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents other than One-way Permit Holders**	Net flow of Mobile Residents
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(=(1)+(2)+(3)+(4)+(5))
實數 Actual						
2001	- 44 900	- 3 100	60 800	16 500	- 600	28 700
2002	- 50 500	- 8 200	56 800	11 800	7 200	17 000
2003	- 58 200	- 5 600	50 300	- 8 000	- 4 400	- 25 800
2004	- 31 900	- 5 800	41 500	13 900	25 500	43 200
2005	- 27 300	- 13 300	38 800	13 500	2 500	14 300
2006	- 28 900	- 20 400	59 600	4 900	5 400	20 500
推算 Projected						
2007	- 18 900	- 23 700	54 800	13 500	5 400	31 100
2008	- 19 800	- 22 000	54 800	13 500	5 600	32 000
2009	- 20 700	- 20 100	54 800	13 500	5 800	33 200
2010	- 21 600	- 17 700	54 800	13 500	6 000	34 900
2011	- 22 500	- 16 800	54 800	13 500	6 100	35 100
2012	- 23 400	- 15 600	54 800	13 500	6 300	35 600
2013	- 24 300	- 14 300	54 800	13 500	6 500	36 100
2014	- 25 200	- 14 200	54 800	13 500	6 700	35 500
2015	- 26 100	- 14 200	54 800	13 500	6 900	34 900
2016	- 27 000	- 14 100	54 800	13 500	7 100	34 200
2017	- 20 900	- 14 000	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 600
2018	- 20 900	- 13 900	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 700
2019	- 20 900	- 13 800	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 900
2020	- 20 900	- 13 700	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 900
2021	- 20 900	- 13 700	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 900
2022	- 20 900	- 13 700	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 900
2023	- 20 900	- 13 700	54 800	16 500	7 300	43 900
2024	- 20 900	- 13 700	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2025	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2026	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2027	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2028	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2029	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2030	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2031	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2032	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2033	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2034	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2035	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000
2036	- 20 900	- 13 600	54 800	16 500	7 300	44 000

註釋：** 包括由旅客身分轉為居民身分人士數目的淨變動。此外，有些在這個組成部分內的人士稍後在留港期間可能會由香港非永久性居民轉變為香港永久性居民。若這類人士後來不再是香港的常住居民，有關的流動將視為在「香港永久性居民進入常住居民類別的淨流動」組成部分的流出。

Note: ** Net change in number of persons from visitor status to resident status is included. Furthermore, some persons in this component may later on change their status from HKNPRs to HKPRs during their stay in HK. If these persons subsequently cease to be Usual Residents of HK, such movement will be treated as an outflow in the component "net flow of Hong Kong Permanent Residents into the Usual Residents category".

5. 概念及定義

5. Concepts and Definitions

年齡性別死亡率

是指在某一年份裏，某一年齡、性別組別中每千名人口的死亡數目。

Age-sex Specific Mortality Rate

refers to the number of deaths occurring among 1 000 persons for a given sex in a given age group in a given year.

年齡別生育率

是指在某一年份裏，某一年齡組別中每千名女性的活產嬰兒數目。

Age Specific Fertility Rate

refers to the number of live births occurring among 1 000 women in a given age group in a given year.

平均每年增長率

當人口增長期超過一年時，平均每年增長率採用以下公式計算：

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = (1 + r)^n$$

其中 P_1 = 某段時期開始時的人口

P_2 = 某段時期結束時的人口

r = 平均每年增長率

n = 該段時期的年數

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = (1 + r)^n$$

where P_1 = population at the beginning of a period

P_2 = population at the end of a period

r = average annual growth rate

n = number of years in the period

出生組群

是指同年出生的人士，終身會被視作同一組群。

Birth Cohort

refers to a group of persons all born during the same year being analysed as a unit throughout their lifetime.

少年兒童撫養比率

是指十五歲以下人口數目相對每千名十五至六十四歲人口的比率。

Child Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged under 15 per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

老年撫養比率

是指六十五歲及以上人口數目相對每千名十五至六十四歲人口的比率。

Elderly Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

男性死亡偏高比率

是指在某年齡組別裏，男性死亡率與女性死亡率所構成的比率。

Excess Male Mortality Ratio

refers to the ratio of the male mortality rate for a given age group to the female mortality rate for the same age group.

出生時平均預期壽命

是指某年出生人士，若其一生經歷一如該年的年齡性別死亡率所反映的死亡情況，他／她預期能活的年數。

Expectation of Life at Birth

refers to the number of years of life that a person born in a given year is expected to live if he/she was subject to the prevalent mortality conditions as reflected by the set of age-sex specific mortality rates for that year.

人口年齡中位數

是顯示人口平均年齡的指標，人口總數中有百分之五十在這年齡之上，而其餘的百分之五十則在這年齡之下。

年中人口

自二零零零年八月起，「居住人口」方法已取代「廣義時點」方法用以編製香港的人口數字。追溯至一九九六年的修訂人口數字經已編製。利用「居住人口」方法所編製的人口估計，稱「居港人口」。「居港人口」包括「常住居民」和「流動居民」。

「常住居民」指兩類人士：（一）在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港；及（二）在統計時點身在香港的香港非永久性居民。

至於「流動居民」，是指在統計時點之前的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月，又或在統計時點之後的六個月內，在港逗留最少一個月但少於三個月的香港永久性居民，不論在統計時點他們是否身在香港。

根據「居住人口」的編製方法，旅客並不包括在香港人口內。

有關香港人口估計編製方法的詳細資料，請參閱刊載於《香港統計月刊》二零零二年二月號題為「香港人口估計的編製」的專題文章。該文章亦載於政府統計處的網站內(www.censtatd.gov.hk/press_release/pc_rm/method_hk/compiling/index_tc.jsp)。

Median Age of Population

is an indicator of the average age of the population such that 50% of the total population are above this age while the other 50% are below it.

Mid-year Population

Since August 2000, the “resident population” approach has been adopted in place of the “extended de facto” approach for compiling Hong Kong population figures. Revised population figures backdated to 1996 have been compiled. The population estimate compiled under the “resident population” approach is referred to as the “Hong Kong Resident Population”. The “Hong Kong Resident Population” comprises “Usual Residents” and “Mobile Residents”.

“Usual Residents” refer to two categories of people: (1) Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least three months during the six months before or for at least three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point; and (2) Hong Kong Non-permanent Residents who are in Hong Kong at the reference time-point.

As for “Mobile Residents”, they are Hong Kong Permanent Residents who have stayed in Hong Kong for at least one month but less than three months during the six months before or for at least one month but less than three months during the six months after the reference time-point, regardless of whether they are in Hong Kong or not at the reference time-point.

Under the “resident population” approach, visitors are not included in the Hong Kong Population.

For details of the method of compiling population estimates of Hong Kong, please see the feature article entitled “Compiling Population Estimates of Hong Kong” published in the February 2002 issue of Hong Kong Monthly Digest of Statistics. The article is also available on the website of the Census and Statistics Department (www.censtatd.gov.hk/press_release/pc_rm/method_hk/compiling/index.jsp).

香港在二零零六年七月至八月進行了中期人口統計。該中期人口統計除了是細小分區及人口分組資料的重要來源外，亦提供一個基準，用作修訂自二零零一年人口普查以來編製的人口數字。於較早前發布的由二零零一年至二零零六年人口數字，已因應二零零六年中期人口統計於二零零七年二月底製備的結果作出修訂。同樣地，在適合的情況下，其他在編製過程中涉及應用人口數字的統計數字亦已作出修訂。

A Population By-census was conducted in July to August 2006 in Hong Kong. Apart from serving as the prime source of data for small areas and population sub-groups, the 2006 Population By-census provides a benchmark for revising the population figures compiled since the 2001 Population Census. With the availability of the results of the 2006 Population By-census in late February 2007, population figures released earlier in respect of 2001 to 2006 have been revised accordingly. Similarly, other statistics which in the process of their compilation involve the use of population figures have also been revised where appropriate.

自然增長

是指某年所知出生人數相對死亡人數的差額。

Natural Increase

refers to the balance of known live births over known deaths occurring in a given year.

總撫養比率

是指十五歲以下和六十五歲及以上人口數目相對每千名十五至六十四歲人口的比率。

Overall Dependency Ratio

refers to the number of persons aged under 15 and those aged 65 and over per 1 000 persons aged between 15 and 64.

更替水平

是指每千名女性平均需要生產的嬰兒使人口能自行更替。每名女性必須平均生產一名女兒，由該名女兒「更替」其母親，人口才能夠自行更替。計及男嬰出生數目比女嬰稍多的情況，總和生育率應為每千名女性生產 2 100 名嬰兒，才能達到人口自行更替的水平。

Replacement Level

refers to the number of children 1 000 women needs to produce for a population to replace itself. Each woman would produce an average of one daughter, who may be said to "replace" her mother in the population. A total fertility rate of 2 100 per 1 000 women is considered to correspond to the replacement level, allowing for slightly more boys than girls given at birth.

性別比率

是指男性數目相對每千名女性的比率。

Sex Ratio

refers to the ratio of the number of males per 1 000 females.

總和生育率

是指一千名女性，若她們在生育齡期（即十五至四十九歲）經歷了一如該年的年齡別生育率，其一生中活產子女的平均數目。

Total Fertility Rate

refers to the average number of children that would be born alive to 1 000 women during their lifetime if they were to pass through their childbearing ages 15–49 experiencing the age specific fertility rates prevailing in a given year.

6. 附錄 甲

6. Appendix A

表 A1 選定年份的主要人口特徵（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

**Table A1 Significant Characteristics of the Population for Selected Years
(Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers)**

	二零零六年 年中(基準) Mid-2006 (Base)	二零一一年 年中 Mid-2011	二零一六年 年中 Mid-2016	二零二一年 年中 Mid-2021	二零二六年 年中 Mid-2026	二零三一年 年中 Mid-2031	二零三六年 年中 Mid-2036
人口 Population	6 629 400	6 902 800	7 176 300	7 487 300	7 774 300	8 018 000	8 204 500
常住居民 Usual Residents	6 410 700	6 655 200	6 895 200	7 169 900	7 420 600	7 627 900	7 778 200
流動居民 Mobile Residents	218 800	247 600	281 100	317 400	353 700	390 000	426 300
五年期間的 平均每年增長率 Average annual growth rate over a 5-year period	0.4%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%	0.8%	0.6%	0.5%
性別比率 (男性數目相對每千名女性的比率) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	971	928	889	854	822	792	763
人口百分比 Percentage of population							
零至十四歲 Aged 0–14	14%	12%	12%	13%	13%	13%	12%
十五至六十四歲 Aged 15–64	73%	74%	72%	68%	64%	61%	60%
六十五歲及以上 Aged 65 and over	13%	13%	16%	19%	23%	26%	28%
撫養比率 Dependency ratio							
少年兒童撫養比率 Child dependency ratio	194	167	171	191	201	206	200
老年撫養比率 Elderly dependency ratio	176	179	219	277	358	428	456
總撫養比率 Overall dependency ratio	370	346	390	469	559	635	656
年齡中位數 Median age	40.1	41.8	43.0	43.9	44.8	46.1	47.4
外籍家庭傭工數目 Number of foreign domestic helpers	227 700	250 700	273 700	296 700	319 700	342 700	365 700

表 A2 二零零六年年中按年齡組別及性別劃分的人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A2 Mid-2006 Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex

年齡組別 Age group	2006					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	110.4	1.7	102.6	1.5	213.0	3.2
5–9	162.3	2.4	151.8	2.3	314.1	4.7
10–14	211.3	3.2	200.8	3.0	412.1	6.2
15–19	222.3	3.4	213.8	3.2	436.1	6.6
20–24	225.5	3.4	217.2	3.3	442.7	6.7
25–29	223.5	3.4	221.6	3.3	445.1	6.7
30–34	238.2	3.6	260.4	3.9	498.6	7.5
35–39	247.3	3.7	294.1	4.4	541.4	8.2
40–44	303.6	4.6	340.2	5.1	643.8	9.7
45–49	323.0	4.9	320.3	4.8	643.3	9.7
50–54	263.6	4.0	260.1	3.9	523.7	7.9
55–59	214.7	3.2	205.4	3.1	420.1	6.3
60–64	127.6	1.9	115.7	1.7	243.3	3.7
65–69	125.2	1.9	116.6	1.8	241.8	3.6
70–74	112.4	1.7	115.9	1.7	228.3	3.4
75–79	82.3	1.2	96.3	1.5	178.6	2.7
80–84	44.8	0.7	67.9	1.0	112.7	1.7
85+	28.5	0.4	62.2	0.9	90.7	1.4
總計 Total	3 266.5	49.3	3 362.9	50.7	6 629.4	100.0

表 A3 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers)
by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2011				男女合計 Both sexes	
	男性 Male ('000)	%	女性 Female ('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	125.3	1.8	120.4	1.7	245.7	3.6
5–9	140.0	2.0	129.6	1.9	269.6	3.9
10–14	175.6	2.5	165.7	2.4	341.3	4.9
15–19	217.7	3.2	208.7	3.0	426.4	6.2
20–24	219.7	3.2	243.4	3.5	463.1	6.7
25–29	233.8	3.4	270.3	3.9	504.1	7.3
30–34	230.7	3.3	277.4	4.0	508.1	7.4
35–39	237.3	3.4	272.4	3.9	509.7	7.4
40–44	238.8	3.5	284.3	4.1	523.1	7.6
45–49	293.6	4.3	328.7	4.8	622.3	9.0
50–54	317.9	4.6	318.9	4.6	636.8	9.2
55–59	260.5	3.8	262.1	3.8	522.6	7.6
60–64	207.2	3.0	203.8	3.0	411.0	6.0
65–69	120.3	1.7	115.0	1.7	235.3	3.4
70–74	113.0	1.6	113.1	1.6	226.1	3.3
75–79	93.9	1.4	106.1	1.5	200.0	2.9
80–84	59.2	0.9	80.0	1.2	139.2	2.0
85+	37.5	0.5	80.9	1.2	118.4	1.7
總計 Total	3 322.0	48.1	3 580.8	51.9	6 902.8	100.0

表 A3 (續) 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2016					
	男性 Male	女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes		
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	131.5	1.8	126.0	1.8	257.5	3.6
5–9	167.4	2.3	159.7	2.2	327.1	4.6
10–14	154.3	2.1	144.3	2.0	298.6	4.2
15–19	181.5	2.5	173.1	2.4	354.6	4.9
20–24	214.2	3.0	237.4	3.3	451.6	6.3
25–29	227.3	3.2	295.8	4.1	523.1	7.3
30–34	240.5	3.4	325.5	4.5	566.0	7.9
35–39	229.0	3.2	288.8	4.0	517.8	7.2
40–44	228.0	3.2	262.0	3.7	490.0	6.8
45–49	228.3	3.2	272.6	3.8	500.9	7.0
50–54	288.1	4.0	327.0	4.6	615.1	8.6
55–59	313.2	4.4	320.1	4.5	633.3	8.8
60–64	251.6	3.5	259.7	3.6	511.3	7.1
65–69	196.4	2.7	201.0	2.8	397.4	5.5
70–74	109.9	1.5	112.2	1.6	222.1	3.1
75–79	95.8	1.3	104.2	1.5	200.0	2.8
80–84	68.7	1.0	89.3	1.2	158.0	2.2
85+	51.0	0.7	100.9	1.4	151.9	2.1
總計 Total	3 376.7	47.1	3 799.6	52.9	7 176.3	100.0

表 A3 (續) 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2021					
	男性 Male	女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes		
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.3	1.9	135.3	1.8	276.6	3.7
5–9	172.0	2.3	164.8	2.2	336.8	4.5
10–14	185.4	2.5	176.9	2.4	362.3	4.8
15–19	163.0	2.2	154.8	2.1	317.8	4.2
20–24	182.1	2.4	206.1	2.8	388.2	5.2
25–29	221.1	3.0	282.5	3.8	503.6	6.7
30–34	234.4	3.1	341.5	4.6	575.9	7.7
35–39	241.0	3.2	342.7	4.6	583.7	7.8
40–44	222.4	3.0	287.1	3.8	509.5	6.8
45–49	220.1	2.9	257.4	3.4	477.5	6.4
50–54	224.6	3.0	274.8	3.7	499.4	6.7
55–59	285.3	3.8	331.4	4.4	616.7	8.2
60–64	305.4	4.1	320.1	4.3	625.5	8.4
65–69	239.8	3.2	256.8	3.4	496.6	6.6
70–74	181.0	2.4	195.2	2.6	376.2	5.0
75–79	94.4	1.3	104.8	1.4	199.2	2.7
80–84	72.2	1.0	88.9	1.2	161.1	2.2
85+	63.3	0.8	117.4	1.6	180.7	2.4
總計 Total	3 448.8	46.1	4 038.5	53.9	7 487.3	100.0

表 A3 (續)

選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）

Table A3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2026					
	男性 Male	女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes		
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	141.1	1.8	135.2	1.7	276.3	3.6
5–9	181.8	2.3	174.1	2.2	355.9	4.6
10–14	190.0	2.4	182.0	2.3	372.0	4.8
15–19	194.4	2.5	187.8	2.4	382.2	4.9
20–24	163.8	2.1	187.9	2.4	351.7	4.5
25–29	189.1	2.4	251.2	3.2	440.3	5.7
30–34	228.2	2.9	328.3	4.2	556.5	7.2
35–39	235.0	3.0	358.6	4.6	593.6	7.6
40–44	234.3	3.0	340.9	4.4	575.2	7.4
45–49	214.7	2.8	282.5	3.6	497.2	6.4
50–54	216.8	2.8	259.8	3.3	476.6	6.1
55–59	223.2	2.9	279.9	3.6	503.1	6.5
60–64	278.6	3.6	331.8	4.3	610.4	7.9
65–69	292.1	3.8	316.8	4.1	608.9	7.8
70–74	222.9	2.9	249.8	3.2	472.7	6.1
75–79	157.7	2.0	182.8	2.4	340.5	4.4
80–84	72.5	0.9	90.7	1.2	163.2	2.1
85+	71.4	0.9	126.6	1.6	198.0	2.5
總計 Total	3 507.6	45.1	4 266.7	54.9	7 774.3	100.0

表 A3 (續) 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2031					
	男性 Male		女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes	
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	135.5	1.7	130.0	1.6	265.5	3.3
5–9	181.6	2.3	173.9	2.2	355.5	4.4
10–14	199.8	2.5	191.3	2.4	391.1	4.9
15–19	199.1	2.5	192.8	2.4	391.9	4.9
20–24	195.3	2.4	221.0	2.8	416.3	5.2
25–29	170.8	2.1	233.1	2.9	403.9	5.0
30–34	196.2	2.4	297.1	3.7	493.3	6.2
35–39	228.8	2.9	345.5	4.3	574.3	7.2
40–44	228.4	2.8	356.9	4.5	585.3	7.3
45–49	226.6	2.8	336.2	4.2	562.8	7.0
50–54	211.6	2.6	284.8	3.6	496.4	6.2
55–59	215.8	2.7	265.1	3.3	480.9	6.0
60–64	219.0	2.7	281.1	3.5	500.1	6.2
65–69	267.4	3.3	328.7	4.1	596.1	7.4
70–74	273.0	3.4	308.5	3.8	581.5	7.3
75–79	196.0	2.4	234.8	2.9	430.8	5.4
80–84	123.2	1.5	160.0	2.0	283.2	3.5
85+	75.5	0.9	133.6	1.7	209.1	2.6
總計 Total	3 543.6	44.2	4 474.4	55.8	8 018.0	100.0

表 A3 (續) 選定年份按年齡組別及性別劃分的推算年中人口（不包括外籍家庭傭工）
Table A3 (Cont'd.) Projected Mid-year Population (Excluding Foreign Domestic Helpers) by Age Group and Sex for Selected Years

年齡組別 Age group	2036					
	男性 Male	女性 Female		男女合計 Both sexes		
	('000)	%	('000)	%	('000)	%
0–4	129.5	1.6	124.4	1.5	253.9	3.1
5–9	176.1	2.1	168.7	2.1	344.8	4.2
10–14	199.7	2.4	191.1	2.3	390.8	4.8
15–19	208.9	2.5	202.1	2.5	411.0	5.0
20–24	200.0	2.4	226.0	2.8	426.0	5.2
25–29	202.2	2.5	266.2	3.2	468.4	5.7
30–34	178.0	2.2	279.0	3.4	457.0	5.6
35–39	197.1	2.4	314.3	3.8	511.4	6.2
40–44	222.3	2.7	343.8	4.2	566.1	6.9
45–49	220.7	2.7	352.2	4.3	572.9	7.0
50–54	223.4	2.7	338.4	4.1	561.8	6.8
55–59	210.7	2.6	290.2	3.5	500.9	6.1
60–64	212.1	2.6	266.7	3.3	478.8	5.8
65–69	210.7	2.6	279.2	3.4	489.9	6.0
70–74	250.9	3.1	320.6	3.9	571.5	7.0
75–79	241.6	2.9	290.8	3.5	532.4	6.5
80–84	155.0	1.9	206.9	2.5	361.9	4.4
85+	111.7	1.4	193.3	2.4	305.0	3.7
總計 Total	3 550.6	43.3	4 653.9	56.7	8 204.5	100.0

6. 附錄乙

內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒統計調查

引言

B.1 根據法例，內地女性在港所生的嬰兒擁有居港權，同時亦享有跟香港女性所生的嬰兒同等福利。這些嬰兒多數在領取出世紙後會返回內地，日後或許他們會返回香港。大部份嬰兒會使用回港證返回內地，但由於香港女性在港所生的嬰兒也會用同樣方法返回內地，令內地女性及香港女性所生嬰兒的跨境遷移資料不能分辨，因而沒有資料可提供有關那些由內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒會否及何時會返回內地，及以後會否及何時會返回香港。有鑑於此，有關行政記錄系統已着手進行這方面的改善，而政府統計處亦率先於二零零七年一月下旬至二零零七年三月進行了「內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒統計調查」，搜集數項主要相關資料作人口推算之用。

定義

B.2 作為人口推算之用，由內地女性在香港所生的嬰兒將會分為以下兩個類別：

- (一) 父親為香港永久性居民；及
- (二) 父親並非香港永久性居民。

為方便引述，屬於類別(一)的嬰兒簡稱為第一類嬰兒，而屬於類別(二)的嬰兒則簡稱為第二類嬰兒。

6. Appendix B

Survey on babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women

Introduction

B.1 According to law, babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women are entitled to the right of abode in Hong Kong, enjoying the same benefits as babies born to Hong Kong women. Many of the babies, after obtaining the birth certificates, would be taken back to the Mainland. They might return to Hong Kong later. Most of these babies would travel to the Mainland using re-entry permits. Since babies born to Hong Kong women would also travel using re-entry permits, the cross-boundary movements of babies born to Mainland women and those of babies born to Hong Kong women are confounded. Hence, there was no information on whether and when babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women were taken back to the Mainland; and whether and when they would return to Hong Kong. In view of this, while enhancement is being made to improve the administrative data system in this regard, a survey entitled "Survey on babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women" was conducted by the Census and Statistics Department from late January 2007 to March 2007 to collect several selected key items for the purpose of population projections.

Definition

B.2 For the purpose of population projections, babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women are classified in the following two categories:

- (1) Father being a Hong Kong Permanent Resident; and
- (2) Father being not a Hong Kong Permanent Resident.

For easy reference in the report, babies in (1) are referred as Type I babies and those in (2) are referred as Type II babies.

調查方法

B.3 統計調查在入境事務處的出生登記處進行。全港共有四間出生登記處，即生死登記總處、九龍出生登記處、沙田區出生登記處及屯門區出生登記處。

訪問對象

B.4 訪問對象包括所有內地女性在港所生嬰兒的父母。

B.5 本報告採用的數據是由二零零七年一月二十九日至二零零七年三月十五日期間所收集資料編製而成。這次統計調查共完成了2 481份問卷。實際上所有被訪問的父母均合作回答問題。

資料項目

B.6 主要搜集的資料為(i)父母會否及何時把嬰兒帶回內地的意向；和(ii)返回內地的嬰兒隨後會否及何時返回香港居住的意向。

結果

B.7 約有65% 屬於第一類嬰兒的父母表示子女會留居在港。其餘的35% 嬰兒的父母表示打算把子女帶返內地，這些嬰兒差不多全部會在一歲前返回內地。他們的父母約有90% 表示打算把子女帶返香港，其中約80% 會在三歲或以前回港，而93% 會在六歲或以前回港。

B.8 第二類嬰兒中，只有約9% 的父母表示其子女會留居在港。其餘的91% 的父母表示打算把子女帶返內地，這些嬰兒差不多全部會在一歲前返回內地。他們的父母約有58% 表示打算把子女帶返香港。其中約51% 會在三歲或以前回港，而85% 會在六歲或以前回港。

Method

B.3 The survey was conducted at the Births Registries of the Immigration Department. There are four Births Registries in Hong Kong, namely the Births and Deaths General Register Office, Kowloon Births Registry, Sha Tin District Births Registry and Tuen Mun District Births Registry.

Target respondents

B.4 The parents of all babies born in Hong Kong to Mainland women were the target respondents.

B.5 The findings used in this report were compiled from data collected from 29 January 2007 to 15 March 2007. A total of 2 481 survey questionnaires have been completed. Actually all parents interviewed cooperated in answering the questions.

Data items

B.6 The main data items collected were (i) the intentions of the parents on whether and when they would bring their babies back to the Mainland; and (ii) for those babies who have taken back to the Mainland, the intentions on whether and when the babies would subsequently return to Hong Kong for living.

Findings

B.7 About 65% of the parents of Type I babies indicated that their children would stay in Hong Kong. For the other 35%, the parents said that they would bring their babies back to the Mainland. Nearly all these babies would return to the Mainland at age 0. For these babies, about 90% of the parents indicated that they intended to bring their children back to Hong Kong. Among these, about 80% would return at or before age 3 and about 93% would return at or before age 6.

B.8 Among the Type II babies, only about 9% of the parents indicated that their children would stay in Hong Kong. For the other 91%, the parents indicated that they would bring their babies back to the Mainland. Nearly all these babies would return to the Mainland at age 0. For these babies, about 58% of the parents indicated that they intended to bring their children back to Hong Kong. Among these, about 51% would return at or before age 3 and about 85% would return at or before age 6.

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